Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Jhall Not perish fr[illegible] Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 27. 1901. NO. 24.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED

Governor Stone Sends Those Made During the Recess.

SUITABLE ACTION BY THE SENATE

Same Body Passes General Appropriation Bill—From Connellsville Comes the Congressional Apportionment Measure

THE JUDICIAL BILL REPORTED

HARRISBURG, June 26.—Governor W. A. Stone sent to the senate his recess appointments, and they were all confirmed by more than the constitutional majority. These nominations included Gen. Frank Reeder to be banking commissioner; Gen. Chas. Miller, of Franklin, to be major general of the National Guard; Israel W. Durham, of Philadelphia, to be insurance commissioner; Prof. John Hamilton, of Centre, to be secretary of agriculture; T. Larry Eyre, of Chester, to be superintendent of public grounds and buildings, and others. There was a great crowd in the galleries and on the floor of the senate in expectation of a red hot debate over the confirmations. Senator Henry, of Philadelphia, assailed Gen. Reeder, who was vigorously defended by Senator Grady. Opposition to Gen. Miller did not develop and all the other appointments went through easily.

The most important business done at the afternoon session of the senate was the final passage of the general appropriation bill. It carries more than $15,000,000 to defray the expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial branches of the state government. The senate appropriations committee added about 25 amendments to it, increasing the appropriation about $98,000. There was no discussion and the vote was 41 yeas with no negative votes.

The session of the senate was devoted wholly to the concurrence of amendments inserted in senate bills by the house. All of the amendments made by the house to various bills passed by that body were concurred in.

Mr. Grady, of Philadelphia, filed the conference report on the congressional apportionment bill. The bill was quite extensively amended by the house and the conference committee made further changes. Philadelphia is given 6 districts. The seventh is composed of Chester and Delaware counties. The following are the others :

Eighth—Montgomery and Bucks.
Ninth—Lancaster.
Tenth—Lackawanna.
Eleventh—Luzerne, except that portion lying north and west of the Susquehanna river.
Twelfth—Schuylkill.
Thirteenth—Lehigh and Berks.
Fourteenth — Wayne, Susquehanna, Wyoming, Sullivan and Bradford.
Fifteenth—Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton.
Sixteenth—Northumberland, Montour, Columbia and all that portion of Luzerne lying north and west of the Susquehanna river.
Seventeenth—Perry, Juniata, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Fulton, Franklin, Snyder Union.
Eighteenth — Dauphin, Cumberland, Lebanon.
Nineteenth—Cambria, Blair and Bedford.
Twentieth—York and Adams.
Twenty-first—Centre, Clearfield, Cameron and Elk.
Twenty-second—Westmoreland, Indiana, Jefferson.
Twenty-third — Somerset, Fayette, Greene.
Twenth-fourth—Washington, Beaver, Lawrence.
Twenty-fifth—Erie, Crawford.
Twenty-sixth—Northampton, Monroe, Carbon and Pike.
Twenty-seventh —Armstrong, Butler Mercer.
Twenty-eighth—McKean, Warren and Forest, Venango and Clarion.
Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Thirty-second districts. The report was laid over for printing and will come up in the senate today for final disposition.

Smothering Under a Horse.

A few days ago 15 year old Dolph Hartman, of near Williamsport, was riding a horse towards his home. Suddenly the horse fell and was unable to rise. The boy fell under the animal and was slowly suffocating to death when a man in a field saw his painful position and hastened to his assistance. The boy was black in the face when the horse was rolled off him. He soon recovered,

Parades.

We quote the following from the June issue of The Century, as apropos to the circus parade and parades generally. We regret we cannot reproduce the Century's very expressive picture of the disgusted youngster who does the talking:

Makes no matter where we live,
It's the same old cheat.
As it allus is—parades
Don't come down our street.

Never knowed 'em, Fourth-July
Or a circus day,
All we do is hear the drums
'Bout a mile away.

Other chaps can see without
Makin' half a try.
Just a-look at Billy's luck
When the Six' went by—

(Day they wouldn't lemme go
"Cause 'twas raining hard)—
Watched the whole thing, sittin' on
The front stoop in his yard!

Jackey allus gets 'em, Joe's
Corner's where they meet.
Like to know, once, why parades
Don't never come our street.

Died at Munson.

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, the funeral services of Mrs. Alexander Wilson were held at her late residence, near Munson. She was only sick about 36 hours. She is survived by her husband and ten children, four sons and six daughters; the youngest only two years old. Mrs. Wilson was born near Kylertown. Her maiden name was Huldah Nearhood. She and her brother were left orphans when very young, and were brought up by their uncle, the late Peter Keppie, of Kylertown.

Mrs. Wilson was born November 27th, 1856, and died June 21st, 1901, aged 44 years, 6 months and 24 days. The services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Lingenfelter, of Philipsburg. After the services, the remains were followed by a large concourse of sympathizing friends and neighbors, to the last resting place of earth, where interment was made in the Kylertown church yard.

Boot Black Trust.

The bootblacks of Jersey Shore, four in number, have formed a trust. These lads have organized and are taking extreme measures against other urchins engaging in the shoe shining business. Several have tried it, but in each instance the four union boys have pummeled the intruders until promises that they would shine no more shoes were exacted. Robert Van Cleef, a 10 year old citizen, is head of the novel organization.

Williamsport Man Killed at Windber.

Word reached Williamsport Monday of the death of John Rinehart of that place at Windber. The young man attended a circus on Saturday at which there was a balloon ascension. One of the poles used to hold the balloon up while it was being inflated, fell striking Rinehart on the head fracturing his skull. He died two hours later without regaining consciousness.

Fruit Crop in the State.

The crop service report for Pennsylvania says of the prospects for fruit in the state: Peaches are expected to be a good crop. Cherries ripening but the crop will not be as large as first anticipated; bugs and the droppings of cherries have shortened the yield. Pears and plums are forming and good yields will probably be secured. Apples will undoubtedly be below an average yield over a large part of the state.

Were Lost Six Hours.

John G. Coryell and Coryell Hays, of Williamsport, while visiting the preserves of the Ozinachson Rod and Gun club, near, Wetham, became lost in the woods the other day while going from the house to the dam. For six hours they wandered in the woods. Finally they saw the line of the wire fence which encloses the grounds. This they followed until they struck a path which led to the club house.

—President McKinley on Friday signed the commission of B. Frank Keller as United States district judge for the Southern district of West Virginia.

—The annual meeting of the state grand lodge of Good Templars will be held in Coudersport, July 16 and 17. Several noted members of the order will be in attendance.

—Adelbert Hay, son of Secretary of State Hay, and former consul to Pretoria, was instantly killed by falling from a third story window of a New Haven hotel Sunday morning.

—During an electric storm, which passed over Altoona Saturday afternoon about 4 o'clock, a bolt of lightning struck the stable at the bottling works of Julius Burke, on Seventh avenue. Mr. Burke's son was in the stable currying a horse at the time and both the boy and the animal were knocked down by the shock, but soon recovered from the unpleasant experience.

THE TERRIBLE STORM.

Not So Many Drowned as at First Reported.

NEWS FROM WEST VIRGINIA

About One Hundred Miles of Devastated River Banks as yet Unsearched—Relief Parties at Work.

TOTAL DEATHS MAY NOT EXCEED 50

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., June 25.—Everything is in such a state of havoc and confusion and the flood in the Pocahontas "F at Top" region has created such widespread devastation that no reliable estimate can yet be made of the number of lives lost or the amount of property destroyed. From statements made by the general officers of the Norfolk and Western railroad it is assumed that first accounts were exaggerated. They estimate that the loss of life will not exceed 75 and that the total damage will not exceed $500 000.

But persons who have journeyed partially through the afflicted region and have seen relief parties taking bodies from drifts and sandbanks, assert that this estimate is altogether too conservative. They maintain that the loss of life will be 200, or perhaps more. The railway lines are not open, and will not be for a day or so, and the telegraph facilities are exceedingly limited.

There are thousands of persons homeless, camping in the mountains. Their distress is augmented with anguish caused by missing children and friends whose fate is unknown. Out of the 200 or more estimated lost there have been less than a score of bodies recovered and identified.

Only one man from this section reached a point of communication. His journey was one of great hardship. He swam the river 3 times and arrived more dead than alive. The bodies of Wm. Teigg and wife whose home floated away before they were aware of their danger, were recovered. The woman floated in the house until it collapsed, when she was drowned. Martha Morgan, a white woman, became so excited by the flood that she deliberately threw herself in the water and was lost. Her dead body was recovered one mile below her home.

Mrs. McCoy, an aged colored woman, together with her daughter, Mrs. Nellie Smith, and her granddaughter, Annie Smith, were washed down in their cabin, and when their bodies were recovered their hands still remained clasped. Sam Poindexter, John Ballard, Bell Brown and a family of mother and four children, all colored, were all drowned. The bodies of John Lewis (white), Iran and a Hungarian mother and baby have been recovered. A graveyard was overflowed and the bodies thrown up by the torrent and went floating away in all directions.

At Upland Colliery the water washed away fifteen cars loaded with coke and carried them down the stream. Nine of the 100,000-pound capacity coal cars were brushed aside as if they were made of paper. The water was thirty-five feet high and swept the Elkhorn Valley like a scourge.

At Welch, where the Elkhorn river flows into the Tug, there was great damage to property, but no lives were lost. The people were warned by telegraph of the flood's approach, and escaped to the hills. Numbers of stores along the river were inundated and the stock was ruined. Seven houses were reported as gone. A large stock of coal was washed a half mile below the town and is practically destroyed.

Reports from the Clinchally district, in Tazewell county, Virginia, say that the little town of Cedar Bluff, at the junction of Clinch river and Indian Creek, was almost entirely destroyed. Seventeen houses were washed away, but no lives were lost. Five miles west of Tazewell two barns and one corn crib were washed away.

State's Graduates Get Positions.

Nearly every graduate of Pennsylvania State College has already secured a position. Of the twelve men in the mechanical section all have positions, with calls for six who could not be furnished. Of the civil engineering section all except two are placed. Of the electrical engineers thirteen have accepted positions and two are in the attitude of choosing. There were not enough electricals to go around. The mining engineers all are placed. Of the three biologists two will take a medical course and the remaining one is undecided as to what he will do. Six of the seven chemists, including Hooker, the short course man, have positions. —Centre Reporter.

Died from Horrible Burns.

Shortly after noon Thursday Mrs. Anna Robison, wife of Harry H. Robison, of Altoona, was engaged in ironing in the attic over the kitchen and for that purpose was using a gasoline stove. The stove was not doing as well as it should and she found on investigation that the fluid had some water in it. She removed the gasoline from the stove and put it in a bucket which she stood on the floor near where the stove was standing. In removing the fluid she had spilled some on the stove and tried to wipe it off with a piece of waste. The gas from the combustible stuff became ignited from the hot stove and her hand was burned. She attempted to throw the waste on the floor but it fell in the bucket of gasoline instead.

A blaze was the instantaneous result. Mrs. Robison picked up the bucket of blazing stuff and made an effort to throw it out the window. Across the window was stretched mosquito bar, but she supposed the bucket would tear it and go on through into the yard. It did this but some gasoline fell on her, and her clothing caught fire. Miss Sarah Cobler, happened to be in the house at the time and her screams, together with those of the now burning woman, attracted the attention of several men, who rushed to the rescue. The women, however, had picked up a piece of carpet and smothered the flames out. Mrs. Robison was horribly burned all over her body, from the chin downward and also on her limbs. Drs. Baker and Sheedy were called, and later the ambulance was summoned and she was conveyed to the hospital where she died at 12:45 o'clock Friday morning.

Waterspout at Hunter's Run.

During the terrific thunder storm that passed over Beech Creek from 9 to 11 o'clock Thursday night, a waterspout fell in the vicinity of Hunter's run, half way between Beech Creek and Howard. Within a few minutes the little stream became a raging torrent, carrying before it fences, trees, bridges and every movable thing in its path. The Hunter's Run school house, in Centre township, was moved off its foundation, carried a distance of four hundred feet and deposited in a field along side the main public road. The bridge at the foot of Schenk's hill was also taken out. Fields were badly washed and considerable drmage done to the public roads.

Marsh Creek was fully as high as in the famous flood of '89, The public road along its entire length was flooded and washed terribly. Much damage to fences and corn fields resulted.

While the storm at Beech Creek was very heavy and the lightning almost incessant, it did not affect the Beeck Creek perceptibly. To those who watched the electrical display the sight was magnificent. The thunder was deafening. Frank Berry's residence opposite the Presbyterian church at Beech Creek was struck by the lightning, but not damaged to any extent. Those who were in the house at the time felt only a slight shock. The storm was the worst experienced for years.

Approved by the Governor.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 22.—Governor Stone yesterday approved the following bills :

Providing for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of laws of this commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time.

To prevent the importation and sale of dressed carcasses of lambs and sheep with the hoofs on.

Relating to the collection of city, school and poor taxes in the cities of the third class and providing that the city treasurers of such cities should be the collector of these taxes.

Providing that registration labels, trade marks, trade names, stamps, designs, devises, shop marks, terms, brands, designations, descriptions of forms of advertisement and protecting and securing the rights, property and interest therein of the persons, co-partnerships or corporations adopting and filing the same.

Return of the Volunteers.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 22.—It is expected that all the volunteers, numbering 7,500 men, will arrive from Manila before June 26.

The Thomas, with part of the Thirty-eighth and Forty-ninth regiments and all of the Forty-seventh, is expected next Saturday. The Ohio, with the Forty-second, should get in on Sunday. The Buford, according to her captain's calculations, should get here with the Forty-first infantry on June 24.

The Indiana, with part of the Forty-second; the Logan, with part of the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third and Forty-fourth, and the Grant, with the Forty-eighth and part of the Forty-ninth infantry are all scheduled to arrive on June 25, while the Kirkpatrick, with part of the Thirty-eighth, Forty-third and Forty-fourth, will probably arrive the next day.

RIGHTS OF TREE OWNERS

An Important Decision by the Superior Court of Pennsylvania.

HEAVY DAMAGES MAY BE OBTAINED

A Test Case in Which the American Telegraph and Telephone Company is Compelled to Remunerate Owners.

JUDGE BEAVER'S LUMINOUS OPINION

The June number of Forest Leaves, the official organ of the Pennsylvania Forestry association, published in Philadelphia, contains an interesting report of a case tried in Berks county, involving the rights of owners of trees. We take pleasure in reproducing from it the following facts bearing upon the case in question:

During the absence of Dr. John Marshall from his farm at Douglassville, Berks county, Pa., in 1895, employes of the American Telegraph and Telephone company cut down sixty-eight trees on his property, whereupon Dr. Marshall immediately brought criminal action against these employes, which action was carried from the court of the justice of the peace to the common pleas court in Reading, Berks county, and thence to the superior court, with decisions against the telephone company throughout the entire progress of the action. The action was brought under the act of June 8, 1881, P. L. 82, amended by the act of June 18, 1895, P. L. 196. The fines required of the three employes of the company were to the full limit of the law, and aggregated $150, half of which however, by law, was transferred to the school board of the township in which the farm was located. The criminal suit having been decided by the highest court in favor of Dr. Marshall, he brought civil action against the company for damages, and on January 3 1898, the court, under the act of June 2,1891, P. L. 170, appointed three viewers to assess damages. On February 14, 1898, the viewers filed their report, from which report the telephone company and also Dr. Marshall appealed, and on October 18, 1898, the case was tried before the common pleas court in Berks county. The verdict of the jury was in favor of Dr. Marshall. The telephone company appealed to the superior court, and on April 16, 1901, an opinion in favor of Dr. Marshall was handed down by Justice Beaver, allowing damages to the amount of $400 to Dr. Marshall. The results of the two actions, criminal and civil, brought by Dr. Marshall against the telephone company are of important concern to the citizens of this commonwealth in that the way has now been shown, by the establishment of the constitutionality of the acts under which the actions were brought, for any citizen of the commonwealth whose trees have been injured or destroyed by a telegraph or telephone company to proceed criminally, and also civilly for damages, against the corporation.

Dr. Marshall is entitled to the thanks of tree lovers for his valiant fight, continued for over five years, to establish the right which a citizen has in his trees. It is evident that such a protracted struggle demanded an outlay greatly in excess of the damages Dr. Marshall received, but he single-handed continued his fight against a strong corporation and won. Messrs. Henry D. and Herbert R. Green, his attorneys, conducted the cases in an admirable manner, taking a personal interest in them.

"It is to observed that the act of June 2, 1891, Pamphlet Laws 170, does not in any way limit the plaintiff in his claim for damages as to the width or extent within which the cutting is done. The provisions of the act are very general and will cover any damages which may be suffered by reason of the cutting of trees, whether planted by the roadside or on enclosed or unenclosed land adjoining the same, if done in the exercise of the right of eminent domain. If, however, there had been negligence or wantonness or unnecessary cutting the remedy would have been trespass : Stork vs. City of Philadelphia, 195 Pa. Reports, 101; Chatham St., 16 Superior Court Reports, 103. In view of this the distinction sought to be made between what was necessary to be cut as interfering with the wires and what was done outside of the immediate reach of the wires becomes unimportant in view of all the evidence in the case, which fails to show any prescribed limits for the right of way."

After holding that the two actions, criminal and civil, brought by Dr. Marshall against the telephone company, are legal, and that both remedies can be pursued in such a case, Justice Beaver says :

"The only other serious question in the case is as to the measure of damages. The court admitted testimony showing the value of the property before and its value after the cutting, and submitted the case to the jury to find the damages, in accordance with the 'before-and-after' rule. In this we think there was an error. The commercial idea that the only good tree is a dead tree—that is, that it is only good for lumber—no longer prevails. The tree has much more than a commercial value: Its influence upon climate and water supply has come to be regarded as a question to be reckoned with in determining the conditions under which our increasingly dense population is to live and flourish. Its beauty and sightliness have value in the landscape. Its shade refreshes and shelters; and, even as an investment, young trees have an actual money value which cannot be disregarded or measured by their present value as timber trees. The purpose for which the property was used by the plaintiff is also to be considered. It was his summer residence, and, as such, the trees added greatly to its value. To measure the damages in this case, therefore, by the value of the young and growing trees which were cut down under the direction of the defendant, by their value for commercial purposes, would be manifestly wrong. We know of no better rule than the one which was adopted by the court and submitted to the jury. It is true that, in adopting this rule, sentiment enters more or less into the estimate put upon the value of the trees by some of the witnesses, but it is sentiment of a substantial character, which may well influence the owner or intending or prospective purchasers, and this was counterbalanced, or at least attempted to be, by the defendants, in which the difference in value based upon the use of the property owned by the plaintiff as a mere farm was given, and, of course, had weight in the minds of a jury of practical men.

"The case was clearly one for the jury, and, after carefully considering all the assignments of error, and a perusal of all the testimony, we can see nothing, either in what was submitted to the jury or in the manner in which it was submitted, which would justify a reversal. Judgment affirmed."

Telegraph Operators Fatal Fall

The remains of C. T. Glover were taken to McElhattan Friday night on the midnight train from Sheffield, Warren county. The body was taken to the home of T. G. Simcox, father-in-law of the deceased.

Mr. Glover was a Penna. railroad telegraph operator. At midnight Thursday night he was to report at Sheffield for duty but failing to be there at that time a search was begun and at 5 o'clock Friday morning his lifeless body was found on the pavement in front of a hotel porch. An examination of the body showed that the back of his head was crushed, his nose broken, and his right leg also broken.

The body was fully dressed and the supposition is that the man fell from the porch at the third story of the hotel. His watch was stopped at 3 o'clock, which was evidently the hour the accident occurred. Mr. Glover's wife, who is also a telegraph operator is employed at Corry and at 5 o'clock in the morning she received the news over the wire of her husband's death. As there was no one to relieve her she was compelled to remain at her post of duty until 6 a. m.

The body of the unfortunate man was taken to Corry and prepared for burial.

He was 36 years old and is survived by his wife and two children. The funeral took place Sunday.

Monster Eggs.

The Centre Hall Reporter's Spring Mills correspondent writes thus: Eggs in this locality seem to border on the marvelous and sound like fish stories. Nevertheless, 'Squire Hering had two chicken eggs each weighing four and one half ounces strong—certainly very much egg, H. B. Miller so far is the ne plus ultra in the egg line, he had an egg which measured eight and three-fourths by seven and one-fourth inches and weighed fully eight ounces—a monster for the fruit of an ordinary hen. The most remarkable feature concerning it is that it contained another perfect egg. When first discovered one end of the egg had been fractured and the greater part of the contents had oozed out, and with this material the second egg had no doubt been completely surrounded and entirely enclosed. The inner egg was of ordinary size. Of course, it is only one of nature's wild freaks.

—Robert Tommins, aged 80 years, was found dead in his room at Johnstown when members of his family went to call him to dinner on Sunday.

—Andrew Hicks, of Tyrone, employed at the Morris stone quarries, near Milroy was crushed to death by a fall of rock.

Additional Locals.

—Friday, June 21st, was the longest day of the year and the first day of summer.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Fleming are rejoicing over the arrival of a bouncing baby boy at their home Thursday noon. It weighs 14 pounds.

—Sportsmen from all over Centre county will compete in the live bird shoot at Hecla Park on the 4th of July the occasion of the big Undine picnic.

—Cycling has its ups and downs. After the downs, use Banner Salve if you're cut or bruised. It heals the hurt quickly. Take no substitutes. All druggists.

—From the 1st of July to the 1st of September all the business places in Bellefonte, except the grocery stores, will close at 6 o'clock every evening but Saturdays and pay days.

—At Williamsport Wednesday Mrs. William E. Woellmer fainted while at her household work and in falling struck her face on a potato masher. Her cheek and nose were lacerated.

—The lack of energy you feel, the backache and a run down condition generally, all mean kidney disorder. Foley's Kidney Cure will restore your strength and vigor by making the kidneys well. Take no substitute. All druggists.

—Large quantities of lumber are being manufactured about Spring Mills at the present time. It is estimated that sixty thousand feet of lumber are daily brought to Spring Mills and either shipped or piled.

—Allen Halverson, of West Prairie, Wis., says: "People come ten miles to buy Foley's Kidney Cure," while A. J. Spero, of Helmer, Ind., says: "It is the medical wonder of the age." All druggists.

—Hon. Robert M. Foster purchased the coal business at State College from post master John W. Stuart, and will conduct the same hereafter. The coal business at that point is one of considerable importance.

A. O. Blanchard, West Bangor, N. Y., says: "I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years. Have doctored with several physicians and I got no relief until I used two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure." All druggists.

—Mrs. Furst's ten of the Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church held a very successful Musicale at the residence of Mrs. Thomas R. Hayes on North Allegheny street Friday evening. The attendance was very large and the receipts were $63.00 clear of all expense.

—Rev. Geo. E. Ford, pastor of the Second Methodist church in South Bridgeton, N. J., recently announced his belief in "divine healing" and on Thursday night his residence was rotten-egged. Evidently Pastor Ford's "announcement" did not meet with popular approval.

—The Pennsylvania Match Company are very much pleased with the present water supply furnished them by the boro. Since the laying of the new 6 inch pipe across the Phoenix Plaining mill yard to the match factory they have a pressure of 120 lbs. This is 25 lbs better than promised them by Supt. Samuel Ryan.

—William Woodard, of Decatur, Ia., writes: "I was troubled with kidney disease for several years, and four one dollar size bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure cured me. I would recommend it to anyone who has kidney trouble." All druggists.

—An east bound freight train on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad was wrecked between Curtin and Howard Tuesday night. A broken axle was the cause. Several cars were demolished and the track was torn up for a short distance. No one was injured. The work train from Tyrone cleared the tracks.

—Edward Huss, a well known business man of Salisbury, Mo., writes, "I wish to say for the benefit of others, that I was a sufferer from lumbago and kidney trouble, and all the remedies I took gave me no relief. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure, and after the use of three bottles. I am cured." All druggists.

—Edward L. Irvin, who was convicted at the April term of court of causing the death of Miss Ella McWilliams in January last, and who was sentenced to 3 years and 4 months in the Western penitentiary was taken to that institution Wednesday by sheriff Cyrus Brungart. Irwin's attorneys had intended appealing the case to the Superior Court but have abandoned that idea.

—Ira D. Reckard, Duncombe, Ia., writes: "My little boy scalded his leg from the knee to the ankle. I used Banner Salve immediately and in three weeks' time it was almost entirely healed. I want to recommend it to every family and advise them to keep Banner Salve on hand, as it is a sure remedy for scalds or any sores." All druggists.

—Squire M. D. Rockey is listed among those who are sick this week, says the Sugar Valley Journal. He was stricken with palsy early Tuesday morning at his home near Tylersville, while feeding his stock. Both legs are paralyzed, but otherwise his vitality and power of movement is not impaired. Mr. Rockey is 89 years old and not a gray hair can be noticed on his head, and this is his first sickness in many years.

ANOTHER NEW PARTY

This Time Missouri is the State in Which It Is Born.

PLATFORM MOULDERS AFTER BRYAN

Its Authors Hope That It Will Later Blossom Out as a National Party With a Candidate for the Presidency.

MEN OF MANY MINDS TAKE PART

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 20.—The allied trade party movement, which its promoters hope will result before 1904 in a national organization strong enough to name a presidential nominee, was launched here yesterday afternoon. It was the outcome of a conference of reformers from the ranks of the old parties, and its principles are said by some to have been adopted with a view to filling the views of William J. Bryan.

The conference was called by Lee Merriwether, of St. Louis, who with 22 other St. Louis leaders in the public ownership party of that city, came to Kansas City from a visit to Mr. Bryan, at Lincoln, where the intensions of the delegation have been laid before the Nebraska statesman. Mr. Bryan, it was stated, had expressed sympathy with the movement, if he had not gone so far as to support it. At the conference there were represented populists of all persuasions, public ownership was advocated and free silver representatives, socialists, single taxers, and Bryan democrats were in attendance.

It was stated it was proposed to form a third party in Missouri, which should finally be taken up by the dissatisfied in the old partiet from other states. A committee on organization was appointed and instructed to report. The committee which represented each element present submitted the following set of resolutions as the new party principles and they were adopted:

Public ownership of all public utilities, as railroads, telegraphs, etc. While awaiting the legislation necessary to secure public ownership, rigid conditional freight rates and severe penalties for rebates and other discriminations by railroads. Taxation of railroads and other public utility corporations in the same proportion.

Direct legislation by the initiative and referendum to the end that the people may initiate good legislation and veto bad legislation.

A gradual income tax to the end that wealth, which receives government protection, shall bear its just share of the cost of government. That whatever is used as money shall be full legal tender, issued by the government in sufficient volume for business purposes and that volume fixed in proportion to population.

Just election laws throughout the state. Home rule for cities and abolition of the present system of using the police as a standing army to carry primary elections in the interest of dishonest special privilege corporations.

Election of United States senators by popular vote. A call will be issued for a state convention for some time next fall.

Didn't Marry For Money.

The Boston man, who lately married a sickly rich young woman, is happy now, for he got Dr. King's New Life Pills, which restored her to perfect health. Infallible for Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague and all Liver and Stomach troubles. Gentle but effective. Only 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

Saved His Fellows' Lives.

Remembering the safety of others though himself suffering serious injuries, James Freed, an employe at the Mann Edge Tool company at Lewistown, saved the lives of three men.

He was at the guide pole of the transfer, by which heavy stones are carried through the building, a 3300-pound stone being then in transfer, when a passerby overbalanced a smaller stone which he was rolling. It fell on Freed, crushing one of his legs and breaking the other. Had the injured man let go his hold on the pole the largest stone would have fallen on three of his fellows about ready to receive it, but though pinned to the ground he kept his grip until help arrived.

Brothers Die of Tuberculosis.

At Ridgway, Sunday, services were conducted over the remains of Rev. Frederick H. Farrar, rector of the Grace church, of that place, and Percy J. Farrar, of Pittsburg, sons of Rev. John A. Farrar. The remains of both men were interred at Newberg, N. Y. Percy Farrar was a dentist at Pittsburg. He became ill with tuberculosis. He came to his father's home at Ridgway. Rev. Frederick Farrar was at Newberg undergoing treatment for the same disease. When he heard that his brother was at Ridgway he proceeded to that place. Both died within a short time of each other.

Quick Relief For Asthma.

Miss Maude Dickens, Parsons, Kans., writes: "I suffered eight years with asthma in its worst form. I had several attacks during the last year and was not expected to live through them. I began using Foley's Honey and Tar and it has never failed to give immediate relief." All Druggists.

EVANGELIST WEAVER'S

Great Tent Work at Different Points in London.

"The Christian," of May 23, a forty page weekly published in London, Eng., devotes two full pages to the religious tent work that has been accomplished in that city.

An illustration shows the location of over 30 tents, which are distributed at different points. A fine picture of Leonard Weaver, the evangelist, is also given. "The Christian" says:

The tent work is one of remarkable development. It is less than three years ago that Mr. Leonard Weaver erected a huge American canvas tabernacle in a field in London. Its strange appearance, the peculiarity of the bolted, interlaced woodwork by which it was supported, attracted the attention of the curious and gave rise to much speculation. It was to the population of the adjacent districts a singular problem, so that in spite of the pessimistic views which were freely expressed, the opening service attracted a vast attendance. The spiritual outcome was remarkable; from among the poorer artizan class, by whom the meetings were chiefly attended, many souls were won. The news regarding the reclamation of rough characters—drunkards, gamblers. Sabbath breakers—spread far and wide, and soon the tent became a place of popular resort for the masses, and proved on Sunday nights all too small for those who desire to obtain admission.

The work spread to various parts of London and the work accomplished was marvelous. At one tent, for example, over 1,000 professed conversion, including a band of some 50 or 60 intelligent young fellows who may become a mighty power for good. On some occasions no fewer than 1,000 men have come together on Sunday morning. The campaign for this year is just starting with a glowing outlook.

"I feel as if I should fly to pieces." How often those words are on a woman's lips. They express to the uttermost the nerve-racked condition of the body, which makes life a daily martyrdom.

If this condition had come suddenly it would have been unbearable. But the transition was gradual. A little more strain each day on the nerves. A little more drain each day of the vitality. Any woman would be glad to be rid of such a condition. Every woman tries to be rid of it. Thousands of such women have been cured by Dr. Pierce's treatment with his "Favorite Prescription" when local doctors had failed to cure.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no opium, cocaine or other narcotic.

To Keep Well in Hot Weather.

What to eat, drink and wear in order to preserve one's health and comfort in weather like this are problems that appeal to humanity at large.

"Physicians are often asked why they appear healthy. The reason is that they avoid extremes. The average person eats too much and does not drink enough water. It is generally recognized by the medical profession that so far as health is concerned there is more intemperance at the table than in the wine shop. As to meat in summer, one should not eat it more than once a day. Fowl and fish from a sanitary point of view, are to be recommended rather than the red meats; and in regard to cooking, boiled is preferable to fried. The closer one follows nature the more satisfactory the results obtained. For instance, less meat and greater quantities of fruit and vegetables are eaten in proportion to the proximity to the equator. This proves conclusively that meat is not a good diet in a hot climate. In summer the major part of one's diet should be vegetables and fruit.

"Water should be drunk cool, but not ice cold, say at a temperature of 55 degrees Fahrenheit.

"The drinking of ice cold beverage, assisted by the hot breath of the south and the pastry of the north, is the most frequent cause of indigestion in America. The Germans are remarkably free from indigestion, and the principal reason for this is that they never indulge in ice cold drinks. Water should be drunk frequently and copiously in summer, as it helps to open the pores of the skin and is an excellent means of flushing the body. Women are notoriously small water drinkers, and suffer from neuralgia in consequence.

To remain healthy and make the skin additionally healthy a person should take one or two good sponge baths daily. It has been demonstrated by delicate scales that after a cool bath one weighs more than before, due partly to the increase in the white cells of the blood which gives the power of resistance.

"The explanation of the improvement in people returning from watering places is that they get more water in their systems and the same applies to the seashore which goes to show that water is the best drug of all.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
All druggists.

—The exercises connected with the close of the present term of the schools of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon, together with the annual exhibit of the industrial departments and the exhibitions of the gymnasium and military departments, will be held today, June 27, afternoon at 2 o'clock and evening at 7:30 o'clock. An address will be delivered at 2 o'clock p. m., by Hon. George B. Orlady, of the Superior court. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

MOLLIE'S EUCHRE PARTY.

It was Sunday afternoon and a crowd of young people were going home from Sunday school, when they met another crowd coming from another Sunday school.

They paused to change civilities, then a bright eyed, mirthful-faced maiden wanted to know how many were going to the euchre party the next evening.

"I don't know about these euchre parties," said a young man, shaking his head. "It seems strange if Christian people can't find amusement a little more respectable."

"Respectable! respectable!" repeated several voices as loudly as they dared, considering it was Sunday.

"Well, if that isn't too much when all the best society in the city play progressive euchre," spoke up Mollie Huston. "Why, tomorrow evening will be a very exclusive affair. No one is invited but the A No. Ones."

"Everybody plays progressive euchre who is anybody at all," spoke up Stella Shivers.

"We don't play for money," said Carrie Lane.

"That may all be," replied the young man, "but I can't think anything very respectable that is so common as cards are in all the lowest dens of the city."

"You cannot attach a lack of respectability to a mere bit of paste board," spoke up Nettie Rives. "Might as well say nobody ought to eat bread and butter because it is eaten in the lowest dens of the city."

"That is no comparison at all," spoke up the young man. "Bread and butter is a necessity and has never made a man sin, while cards are the devil's own tools."

"Come on and don't listen," spoke up the prettiest girl of the number. "You will come, wont you, Fred Ivins?" coaxingly to another young man who was listening intently to everything that was said.

"I am undecided," came the reply. "I promised my mother on her dying bed that I would never play cards."

"Ah! but she didn't mean progressive euchre."

"I don't know. I think she didn't want me to touch them, for who knows if I should become very fond of playing euchre, I might want to go right on and play for money."

"I wouldn't give much for anybody so weak minded as that," said Mollie.

"What is no temptation to one, might be so to another," spoke up the first young man. "If we are going to pray for God to keep us out of temptation, we have no business running right into it. Many a person has fallen when he thought he was securely standing. We are all professing Christians, and are told to come out from the world and be not partakers of sin."

"Let us go on," said Mollie, a little angrily. "You can't talk sense into some people.

"Some people are a hundred years behind the times and will always stay there," called back Nettie Rives.

That's an excuse used by everybody worsted in argument," spoke up Ella Ashton. "I for one, believe that Charlie Barton is right, and am going to no more card parties."

Ella now became the target for the most scathing remarks, but was so firm in her convictions as to not make her appearance the next evening. The undecided young man was there, however.

"I thought you weren't coming," said Mollie, gaily.

"I thought if it wouldn't hurt the rest of you, it wouldn't hurt me," laughed the young man.

The evening was pronounced a great success, even if Charlie Barton and Ella Ashton were not among the number, and euchre parties became such a rage that there was one somewhere every week; and no one seemed so much interested in the game as Fred Ivins, who wasn't certain that it was just right.

In fact, Fred became so much interested in cards that he wanted to play them all his spare time, and began to wonder just how they played a game for money. Surely it would not be wrong to just watch a game if he took no part himself.

He soon found the places, and there was a certain fascination in witnessing games that increased so much, that almost before he knew it, he was actually engaged himself, and for money.

When he went home that first night he took ten dollars that he had won. He went again and won, and, again, then made up his mind that he was just made for that kind of life, so he smoked more cigars, drank more wine, and spent more time at the gambling table.

It soon began to be whispered around that something was the matter with Fred Ivins. He didn't go to prayer-meetings any more, or Sunday school, and was very seldom seen in the house of God at any time.

One night, a year or two later, a report fled like wild-fire through the streets: Fred Ivins had shot himself and was dying. His former companions listened to the report with blanched faces—they were just in the midst of a game of euchre.

Then word came that the dying man wanted to see them all. They swept the cards aside, and putting on their wraps, sallied forth into the street, without one speaking a word to the other all the way.

They found Fred propped up in bed with pillows.

"I—I want to tell you," he gasped, "It was progressive euchre brought me—where I am. But for that seemingly innocent game, I should never have touched a card.

"I won money, and I wanted more and more, and fool that I was, I thought I'd win every time; but tonight, when I lost all, and a hundred dollars of my employer's money also, I concluded I could not face the shame and disgrace, and so—so excited, I scarcely realized what I did, I shot myself. The doctor says I may live until morning. I want to warn you before it is too late lest some one else may be tempted and fall as I have. That's all. You may go," and the young people filed out of the house one by one, and back into the room where the cards lay on the table.

With a shudder, Mollie gathered them up and threw them into the stove, and then a young man said: "Let us pray we may never touch such vile things again."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

S. of V. Officers.

The Sons of Veterans at Lebanon Wednesday elected the following officers: Division commander, Wm. S. Curry, Philadelphia; senior vice division commander, Thos. Bibighaus, Lebanon; junior vice division commander, John Salem, Hazelton; delegate at-large, Walter R. Ross, Philadelphia; alternate delegate at-large, Wm. P. Horn. Fifteen delegates and the same number of alternates were elected.

Doylestown was chosen as the next place of encampment.

The parade was the largest ever held in the history of the veterans. The survivors of the Ninety-third Pennsylvania veteran volunteers took part in the parade.

MARRIED—By Alderman E. K. Parsons at his office in Lock Haven on June 19, 1901, Huling Brown, of Lock Haven, and Sarah E. Grimes, of Unionville Centre county.

HELPLESS HUSBANDS

HOW HELPLESS HUSBANDS HAVE BECOME HELPFUL.

Never does a man feel so helpless as when he looks upon the suffering of the wife he loves and knows that he is powerless to prevent it. And when, as is often the case, he has exhausted every means at his disposal in the vain effort to restore his wife to health, his despair almost equals her suffering. There are husbands who have passed through this experience and have found a way to be helpful to their wives when physicians had absolutely failed to cure, and been

even powerless to help the sufferer. One such husband thus relates his experience:

"I take pleasure in writing you to let you know about your 'Favorite Prescription,'" says Mr. E. E. Fricke, of Petersburg, Menard Co., Ills., Box 367. "My wife had been sick nearly all her life, and after trying everything I could think of I made up my mind to try 'Favorite Prescription.' I sent to Chicago and got six bottles, which my wife took, a tablespoonful three times a day, until the baby came. She felt better after taking the first bottle, and when baby was born he weighed nine and a half pounds. To-day he is six months old and weighs twenty-two pounds. He is as good a child as any one could wish. The doctor says he is as healthy as any baby could be, and also the doctor says your 'Favorite Prescription' was the cause of such a healthy baby. I felt I owed you this much for the good you did my wife and for my own happiness."

HIS "BETTER HALF."

The reference to the wife as the "better half" is made sometimes half humorously. But in his heart every man feels that the old phrase expresses a fact. When the wife is sick the whole fabric of home totters to its fall. When the wife is confined to her bed the husband leads a half life, a life from which the sunshine and laughter have been taken away. It is not to be wondered at therefore, that husbands express their gratitude for the cures which follow the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. What a change from a sickly bed-ridden wife, helpless and miserable, to a wife who is once more able to "guide the house" in health and happiness.

"My wife was afflicted with uterine trouble for several years," writes Mr. J. C. Day, of Little Britain, Lancaster Co., Pa., "and in November, 1898, the doctor said she had a mishap. He treated her for about two months or so, but there was but little improvement. I wrote you after she had commenced to take 'Favorite Prescription' and you told us to get 'Golden Medical Discovery' also. She took six or seven bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery' she was cured and got out of bed and was able to attend to her housework once more."

Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It establishes regularity, dries the drains which weaken women, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. When taken as a preparative for maternity it promotes health of body and cheerfulness of mind. It encourages the appetite, induces refreshing sleep, and when the hour of trial comes it makes the baby's advent practically painless. It is the best tonic for nursing mothers, promoting the flow of the nutritive secretions and giving the mother strength to give her child.

"My wife was sick for over eight years," writes Albert H. Fulte, Esq., of Altamont, Grundy Co., Tenn. "She had uterine disease and was treated by two physicians and got no relief. At last I read in one of your Memorandum Books which you sent me about Dr. Pierce's medicines, and we decided to try his 'Favorite Prescription.' I sent to the drug store and got one bottle and the first dose gave ease and sleep. She had not slept any for three nights. Being sure that it would cure her I sent for five more bottles, and when she had taken the six bottles she was sound and well."

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR WOMEN.

Women who are suffering from diseases of long standing are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All letters are privately read and privately answered, and the written confidences of women are treated with the same strict professional privacy observed by Dr. Pierce in personal consultations with women at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

This offer of free consultation by letter is not to be classed with the spurious offers of "free medical advice" made by those who having neither professional training nor experience are medically and legally unqualified to give the advice they offer. Although it takes more than a diploma to make a good physician yet the medical diploma is essential as witnessing to professional study and training. It is well for women to examine into offers of "free medical advice," and to ascertain whether the offer is made by those competent professionally and legally to give medical advice. Any one can offer "medical advice" but such advice from one who is not medically educated and qualified is not only worthless but dangerous.

In a little over thirty years Dr. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, has treated and cured hundreds of thousands of weak and sick women. Write therefore without fee as without fear to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The effort of some dealers to sell a substitute for "Favorite Prescription" as "just as good" is due to the fact that less meritorious preparations pay a little more profit. Insist on having the medicine which makes weak women strong and sick women well.

TO HUSBANDS AND WIVES.

The best medical work for the home is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This great work treats of health and disease from the view-point of common sense. It contains 1008 large pages and is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper-covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Whirl of Fashion.

The fine, sheer French organdie in lovely monochromes or in Marie Antoinette devices is decidedly one of the marked favorites of fashion.

Flemish laces wrought on delicate net grounds are much used to decorate india mulle, ecru lawns, grenadines and similar transparent fabrics.

The dominant note of Parisian fashions is the prodigal use of transparent textiles trimmed with chiffon or net draperies or lace of every known pattern, weave and tint.

Very effective are the new robe dresses of cream colored Russian net decorated with applique designs on the skirt, with a finish at the bottom of the skirt of a wide hem of cream colored silk.

With very few exceptions the smartest afternoon costumes are finished with bolero or Eaton jackets of lace, silk or lightweight velvet trimmed with lace collars and applique bands.

The fancy for silk and satin foulard as a fabric which drapes gracefully, wears well, has always a dressy appearance and which appears in any number of new designs and colorings has in no way diminished.

Batiste in lace effects and embroidered patterns figures largely in combination with foulards, crepes de chine and the new delicately colored silk and wool buntings and etamines, being used for fichus, sailor collars, vests and undersleeves.—New York Post.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

—Isaac Thomas, of Bellefonte, has had his pension increased to $10 a month.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.24 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.55 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.
Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass Agt.
J. B HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	.... Tyrone	8 5	11 29	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Tyrone...	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	....Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	.... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 24	9 29	.....Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 28	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg ...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 48	.....Graham	7 40	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	.... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	....Woodland....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Spr'g's	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 03	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 28	.....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	.....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward a m	p m
1 28	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 58
1 45	6 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	Millmburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 25	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
3 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 25	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 58	.....Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	.....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	..... Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	..... Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.	Mail.		Mail. Exp	Accm.
1†	*5	*3	Lv Ar	*2	*4 † 6†
a.m	p m	a m		a m	p m p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40 6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25 6 3
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 36	f2 22 f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17 f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 16 f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06 f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00 f6 14
7 00	4 48	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55 6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52 f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37 f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30 5 45
f7 37	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34 f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdorf	f7 40	f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35	5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.
f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup't.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10,01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32	5 20

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FIREWORKS EXPLODE

Fourteen Lives Believed to Have Been Lost.

PATTERSON'S LATEST HORROR

Shock of the Explosion Was so Great That a Boy, Half a Square Away Was Thrown Against a Fence and Badly Hurt.

FIREMEN MAKE MANY RESCUES

NEW YORK, June 22.—Fourteen people are believed to have been killed and a number injured yesterday as a result of a fire from an explosion among fireworks in the store of Abraham M. Rittenburg, at Patterson, N. J. The store was on the ground floor of a tenement building. The cause of the explosion is not known and the property loss will not exceed $35,000.

The explosion occurred shortly after noon and many of the occupants of the building were at dinner. The building in which the explosion occurred was a frame tenement, 4 stories high, with stores on the ground floor. The middle store was occupied by Rittenburg. Ten families occupied flats in the building.

So great was the force of the explosion that a boy playing in the street half a block away was lifted from his feet and hurled against an iron fence. One of his legs was broken. A trolley car was directly in front of the building when the explosion occurred. The burst of flame blown out into the street, scorched the sides of the car and singed the passengers.

A number of those who were on the upper floors of the building when the explosion took place were either stunned and then burned to death, or found escape cut off and were suffocated. After the explosion there were a series of smaller ones and then came a second big explosion which was muffled and deadened and probably occurred in the cellar.

Every window seemed to be emitting flames within a minute after the first explosion. A woman, her clothing on fire, leaped out of one of the windows and fell to the yard below. Her dead body was dragged out of reach of the flames, but the flesh was roasted and dropped from the bones. She later proved to be Mrs. Williams. Mrs. William's husband is a cripple. His wife is supposed to have remained longer than she could with safety in an effort to save him. He was found burned to a crisp on his bed.

Some of the occupants of the rooms dropped from the windows and were bruised; others hung from the windows until the firemen came, and 20 persons were taken down in this way through the fire and smoke by the firemen, while others dropped into life nets.

Daniel Dooley, who was in the yard when the explosion took place, saw the two Rittenburg children in the rear room and rushed into the flames for them. He got one of them and carried it out and tried to go back for the other, but the room was then one mass of flame and he was too late. He was badly scorched.

While the rescues were going on the firemen were fighting the flames. Captain Allen led with a hose line in an effort to keep the fire from the upper floors where it was said many were pinned in. The men had hardly taken their positions and begun on the sidewalk to throw water into the upper floors when, without any warning the whole upper part of the building above them sagged outward and fell. The captain and two of his men were buried under the blazing debris. One of the men is badly hurt. The building in which the explosion occurred was entirely destroyed. Rittenburg will probably be arrested, pending an investigation.

In the debris was found the head of a man or a woman. The hair is burned off and the features unrecognizable. The remainder of the body has not been found. The bodies taken out thus far are almost unrecognizable, and are burned and torn by the fire and the collapse of the timbers of the building.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

Professors at State Advanced.

By a vote of the Faculty Assistant Professor Tudor was advanced to the rank of Associate Professor of Mathematics; Asst. Prof. Griffin to Associate Prof. of Machine Design; Instructor I. L. Foster to Associate Prof. of Romance Languages and charge of the department of Romance Languages; Francis J. Pond, Instructor in Assaying, to Associate Prof. of Assaying; and A. H. Espenshade, Instructor in English and Rhetoric to Associate Prof. of English and Rhetoric.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
All druggists.

—Reports regarding Mrs. McKinley's condition continue of a favorable nature. Confidence is expressed that she will be able to be removed to Canton early in July.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
All druggists.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's
ELECTRIC
Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

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It Is Guaranteed to Cure
Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
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Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," sent free on request, gives full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Belts, $3, $5, and $10. Electric Corsets, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, and $3. Electric Flesh Brushes, $2. Electric Safety Razors, $2. Electric Plasters, 25 cts. Electric Insoles, 50 cts. Elastic Trusses, $5.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

To Keep a Watch in Good Condition.

A well known watchmaker says that if people only followed the directions given below he would have very little work in the way of watch repairs:

First. Wind the watch in the morning and not at night, as directly after winding it works best and can thus better stand the constant movement of the wearer during the day.

Second. Wind it slowly, holding it quite still in the hand, and carefully avoiding jerks.

Third. Keep it as nearly as possible in the same position—that is, if worn in the pocket during the day, do not lay it down flat at night.

Fourth. Avoid sudden changes of temperature; do not wear it in a warm pocket all day and hang it on a cool wall at night.

Fifth. Clean out the pocket in which it is kept frequently, or dust is certain to get into it.

Sixth. Have it cleaned once every year, even though it is going well.

A Few Things That He Can't Do.

A man cannot do two things at a time. But a woman will broil steak and see that the coffee does not boil over and watch that the cat does not steal the remnant of the meat on the kitchen table and dress the youngest boy, and set the table, and see to the toast, and stir the oatmeal, and give the orders to the butcher, and she can do it at once and not half try.

Man has done wonders since he came before the public. He has navigated the ocean; he has penetrated the mysteries of the starry heavens; he has harnessed the waterfalls, and made them light the great cities of the world.

But he can't find a reel of thread in his wife's work basket; he can't discover her pocket in a dress hanging in the wardrobe; he cannot hang out clothes and get them on the line right end up. He cannot hold pegs in his mouth while he is doing it, either. He cannot sew on a button.

In short, he cannot do a hundred things that women do almost instinctively.—Buffalo Enquire.

Goods That Never Came.

A well known Clearfield county farmer told us how some of his neighbors were recently fleeced by a sleek-tongued individual who claimed to reside in Clearfield and was the representative of a prominent Philadelphia clothing establishment. He had samples of piece goods from which he was taking orders for clothing at a remarkably low price. After taking the order, he would offer to throw off 10 per cent. for cash, and would also agree to prepay the expressage. This was an inducement to some, who paid over their money and were to receive the goods in two weeks. The clothing failing to materialize, an investigation was made and it was discovered that no such person as he represented himself to be lived in Clearfield. It dawned upon those who had given the individual their orders and money that they had been faked, and now they say they'll be more careful hereafter.—Philipsburg Journal.

—The Patton people are sending out unique invitations to their Fourth of July celebration. The bottom of the card is printed in red, and all people are invited to go there and paint the town that color.

Two From the Barn Yard.

A white leghorn hen, with delicate nerves and a mercurial temperament, showed a disposition to acquire a family. The hard-hearted farmer's boy gave her a nest full of duck eggs. After serving over-time with the unnatural charge the hen of big moral ideas brought off a curious brood of yellow innocents, web-footed and with broad, flat bills. They were not leghorn chickens, nor could they understand a word that the hen said when see called them, "Chick, chick, chick," to come to dinner, as she offered them a fat grasshopper.

As they grew they ran here and there, seeking the mud puddle or scurrying to the pond to swim, no matter how much their mother protested, and it was their delight to sit on a mud bar out in the water and sun themselves when they could plainly see their mother have hysterics on the shore because of their indifference and disobedience. Of which the hen, in speaking of it, remarked: They would not be human if they acted differently. Wherever you turn you will notice that. Nature seems to have a grudge at the mother."

The plump Durham beef steer chewed his cud reflectively in the shade of the oak tree and laid the paper to one side as he thought about the rise in the price of meats. "We seem to get whipsawed, no matter how it goes. When beef was down the farmer took delight in twitting us of the fact that we were not worth our hide and ribs. Now that leather is booming and rib roasts are worth all kinds of money it is still like the man with the insurance policy. You must die to win. Even at that the other fellow takes down the money." So he took to the grass again and dropped philosophy, which is always more irritating than it is beneficial.

—Heartache is the worst kind of ache.

Professional Cards.

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REEDER & QUIGLEY.
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FOR SALE BY W. H. MILLER
Bellefonte, Pa.

Soda that's always the same

Our new carbonater cost us several hundred dollars. We might have gotten along without one—most soda dispensers do. But we wanted our soda to be just right at all times, and it couldn't be without the carbonater.

Our soda is the kind that people go out of their way for, and we shall spare no expense that can improve the quality of our soda service.

GREENS' PHARMACY.
Bush House Block,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN
SAPOLIO
IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

NO PAPER NEXT WEEK.

Another anniversary of the Nation's birthday—the 125th—will summon all patriotic Americans to a proper observance of the occasion next Thursday, July 4th. In order to be free to do full justice to the event we propose to adhere to our usual custom and omit the publication of the REPUBLICAN next week—Fourth of July week.

It is not necessary to urge our readers to suspend their duties of a work-a-day life on that glorious anniversary and celebrate the day in a fitting manner. This is always done to a greater or less extent as opportunities provide. An opportunity for next Thursday's fun, pleasure and celebration will be contributed by the Undine Steam Fire Engine Company in the nature of a grand picnic at Hecla Park. If you want amusement or recreation go to Hecla Park on the Fourth. There is going to be great doings on the grounds all day long. Music, fire works, balloon ascension, in fact no end of interesting and pleasure-giving features. We wish all our patrons and friends a happy time on the Fourth and we can assure them a full measure of enjoyment at the Undine picnic at Hecla Park.

Until July 11th, adieu.

THE watchmaker never seems to regard it as a hardship that he is constantly working over time.

AND yet, notwithstanding and nevertheless the *sons of freedom* in Philadelphia will celebrate Independence Day.

INDICATIONS are that the demand for a 10 per cent. increase in wages by the workers in iron mills will be conceded for the coming year.

WHEN a man feels in his pocket for a letter to show you, did you ever notice how many useless things he carries about his clothes?

"FREQUENT and constant advertising brought me all I own" said A. T. Stewart, New York's late merchant prince. Considering his remarkable business success it is needless to say that his was an example worthy of emulation.

VANITY is by no means an exclusive feminine weakness if a New York druggist can be accepted as an authority. He says according to his experience men use hair dyes to a much greater extent than women.

THIS should be a day for general rejoicing throughout the length and breadth of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. It will witness the final adjournment of a State Legislature that has had no equal, since the inception of the State government, in reckless and revolutionary legislation, flagrant abuse of power and prostitution of public interests. Corruption signalized its organization, attended its career and stamped its dissolution with the brand of infamy and dishonor.

THOMPSON TASTES OF THE BITTERNESS OF INGRATITUDE.

Hon. John Kerflop Thompson, Centre county's legislative pledge juggler, took occasion one day last week, Wednesday we believe, to give a public demonstration in the House of Representatives of how much influence he does *not* have with his machine colleagues in that distinguished body of legislative freebooters.

The result of the Honorable John's attempt at legislative practice was one of individual enlightenment at least for it surely opened his eyes to a fact already known to his constituents that beyond the privilege of a seat in the House and a constitutional right to a vote—under orders in his case—on legislative questions he is nothing more or less than a mere cog in the wheel of the machine, notwithstanding that he made his initial trip to Harrisburg as a legislator in a sumptuous special train attended by a score of machine vassals, and a physician, to minister to his physical requirements.

Figuratively speaking Mr. Thompson was ruthlessly pushed over the edge of a cloud on which he had been serenely sailing since his reception into the household of the gang, confident of the security of his position among the elect in the legislative department of the machine oligarchy, and his fall though unexpected was successfully accomplished. He struck the earth with a dull thud and no doubt awoke to the realization that political machines, like republics, at times, are ungrateful.

The test of Mr. Thompson's legislative influence (?) and its bitter termination, the cause that led to it and urged him to ascertain the strength of his "pull" with the gang with whom he bartered his good name and his honor, is best told in the story of the episode as it appeared in the Philadelphia "Press," from the pen of its special correspondent at Harrisburg. It is in part as follows:

"The farmers of Pennsylvania were "thrown down hard" last Wednesday by the State machine. Incidentally, John K. Thompson, of Centre county, the Representative who sold out the Independent Republicans in his district, received the fate of gentlemen of his class in a gold brick, which only equaled in size and glitter that purchased by Mr. Haworth, the "new county man" of Luzerne.

"Unfortunately for the farmers and their allied organizations J. K. Thompson was selected to make a fight for their bill appropriating $154,000 for the erection of a building at the State College to be devoted to agriculture. While the boast is made that the State College is an agricultural institution, the farmers have no representation at it worth speaking of.

"But the machine has used Thompson and now they are done with him.

"Nobody can ever forget the weird spectacle he presented the day Speaker Marshall was elected, as he sat in his seat guarded by "Cappy" Clark, who alternately fanned him and whispered words of consolation in his ear. It was rumored that Mr. Thompson had just risen from a sick bed. If he did so to serve the machine, he received his pay today.

"Representative Thompson has been kicking for weeks over the fact that the bill giving the State College, which is located in his county, $154,000, was being held up in committee. He went around among the legislators and tried to drum up enough votes to discharge the committee and take the bill out of their hands, but he could not get them. Today he moved to suspend the rules and have this bill, which the committee had finally brought out with a negative recommendation, placed on the calendar.

"It is worth noting that it was the Quay leaders on the floor of the House who fought the proposition of Hon. Gold Brick Thompson. Messrs. Voorhees and Bliss dealt him successive hard blows, and although Beaver, of Juniata, and various other Quay members tried to help the member from Centre out of his dilemma, he was beaten by a substantial vote polled by the men he had helped in their emergency.

"The farmers are fighting mad. The Appropriations Committee has "turned them down cold." This bill was introduced January 31, and has been sleeping in committee ever since. It has the indorsement of every farmers' organization in the State.

"But where the farmers made their mistake was in placing this bill in the hands of Thompson, of Centre. The machine has used him, and now that it has tired of him, he is thrown out like a squeezed lemon. A live, energetic man, one who commanded the respect of the House, like Brosius, of Lancaster, or Morrison, or McCune, of Fayette, or any of the original Quayites might have put it through. But the bill is now lost unless it can be reconsidered."

Since the Thompson fiasco Senator Heinle has succeeded in securing an appropriation of $50,000 for the State college to be applied to the purposes for which Mr. Thompson had asked $154,000 and was turned down.

A TRIFLE DISFIGURED BUT STILL IN THE RING.

The final meeting of the insurgent Republican members of the State Legislature was held Tuesday night at their headquarters in the Commonwealth Hotel at Harrisburg. Every member was present and Senator Flinn presided. Rumors had been persistent during the past few weeks in predicting the disbandment of the organization with its final meeting held Tuesday evening. At this meeting the falsity of these rumors was demonstrated by one of the most enthusiastic gatherings of the insurgents during the session.

Every member of the organization present reaffirmed his devotion to the cause of anti-Quayism and it was the unanimous decision to continue the organization and fight Quayism to the bitter end. Senator Flinn, in accordance with his recent declarations, resigned as president of the organization and Senator J. Bayard Henry, of Philadelphia, was unanimously elected his successor. Despite the defeats with which the insurgents have had to contend, the cause for which they battle still lives and will grow in strength until it accomplishes its mission—the overthrow of Quayism and machine rule.

MELICAN WAY NO GOOD, CHINESE WAY BEST WAY.

Chinese dentists pull teeth with their fingers. Americans and Europeans have regarded this method as a sign of the unprogressive character of the Chinese, and the use of forceps is looked upon as the only civilized way. But a dentist of Indianapolis, Dr. G. E. Coughlin, has adopted the digital system, having learned it from a surgeon who was taught in China. He says that pulling teeth with the fingers is natural and simple, and that forceps are barbarous, and he believes that his new acquirement will be taken up generally in this country. It appears that we still have some things to learn from the Chinese, benighted as we regard them, their practices and their customs.

CANADA WANTS LOWER POSTAGE.

The Canadian government has appealed to the British postmaster general, requesting that the postage to Canada on English magazines be reduced.

The Canadian government officials in their memorial to the British postal authorities say that American magazines circulate in Canada at the rate of 1 cent per pound, whereas the British magazines cost 8 cents per pound. In consequence the American periodicals are driving the British out of Canadian markets.

A STATISTICIAN asserts that when 350 years shall have passed the density of the earth's population will be so great that each person will have only two-thirds of an acre. He estimates the present population of this mundane sphere at 1,600,000,000, and says that in 2250 it will be 52,073,000,000. Aren't you sorry you will not be around to witness the density.

TOO HIGH A PRICE.

Senator Heinle, of this district, declined to vote on the question of confirming General Reeder in his appointment as Banking Commissioner last Tuesday and voted for the confirmation of the rest of the Governor's recess appointments for the reason, it has been stated, that he wanted to insure appropriations for the State college and the trifle that has been asked for the erection of a monument to the memory of Governor Curtin.

Every citizen of Centre county delights to honor the memory of Andrew G. Curtin. Every citizen of this broad Commonwealth in whose bosom there is a lingering spark of patriotism would be glad to contribute the mite which would be his share toward the erection of a splendid monument to the memory of that illustrious man. But Curtin would turn in his grave if he knew that for that or any other purpose a Senator living in Centre county or representing his native town in the Senate of Pennsylvania should sacrifice his principles by voting for the confirmation of such a man as Reeder or sitting quietly while such an outrage was being perpetrated.

The machine leaders would not dare refuse the customary appropriation to the State college. It is one of the cherished institutions of Pennsylvania. It is the alma mater of thousands of worthy citizens who have come here from all sections of the State and enjoyed its excellent educational advantages. But it would be better to let the appropriation go, if those having charge of the appropriation had been willing to take the risk, than to secure it at the price which Senator Heinle paid in voting for the confirmation of Durham and Eyre, and sitting silent while the similar honor was being conferred on Frank Reeder. Centre county wants no such sacrifices.

THE OLD LIBERTY BELL.

It is only 125 years next Thursday since the Fourth of July was established, and the most wonderful era in the history of the world dawned in America, when the old Liberty bell rang out the glad tidings to the people of a disenthralled land, and the Declaration was made which spoke to the world in thunder tones:

"We hold these truths to be self-evident: That all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

The new Liberty bell is essentially an American product, says the "Detroit Free Press," but the old bell was cast in London, and the order for it was sent a year before it was received in this country. At last it came in 1752, and before it was landed from the ship that brought it hundreds of people went to inspect it and rejoiced in its coming. It was all that had been expected, but an accident ruined its clear tone and mutilated it so badly that it had to be recast. Isaac Norris, speaker of the Colonial Assembly, was given the superintendence of the task, and to him is ascribed the honor of having originally suggested the motto it bears, "Proclaim liberty throughout the land and to all the inhabitants thereof."

The reason of the breaking of the first bell was that it was too brittle, and its tone was too high and shrill. But the new bell was considered perfect, and mounted on its pedestal in the old state house at Philadelphia, it rang in the birth of freedom on July 4, 1776, and its reverberation still echoes in the hearts of Americans everywhere.

For fifty years the bell of freedom kept the national jubilee. Then it cracked and became silent. During the World's Fair it was conveyed, a mute object of patriotic adoration, from Philadelphia to Chicago, and there exhibited. No distinguished traveler was ever escorted with more care and watchfulness or received more homage from the patriotic people who greeted it on its journey to and from the Exposition.

With the Declaration of Independence whose inception we will celebrate next Thursday the Old Liberty Bell is reckoned as the most priceless of the Nation's possessions.

"The old state house bell, time hallowed bell,
Thy magic tones were first to tell
In thunder peals a nation free."

WHAT A KISS IS.

Dr. Webster, of dictionary fame, defines a kiss as a salutation with the lips, as a token of affection, respect, reverence, forgiveness, etc. It is interesting to note, however, that there are others, who, Hobson like, have had a wide and varied experience in osculation and are not satisfied with Dr. Webster's simple and homely style of treating the subject.

Several definitions of a kiss, expressed by those presumably belonging to Mr. Hobson's class, have come to our notice and for the benefit of those who have tasted of the joys and unspeakable delights of an osculatory seance and know not how to fittingly voice their conception of a kiss and its relation to the daughters of Eve, we select the best of the bunch, comprising our collection, and submit them to our readers who are thirsting for just such knowledge. A kiss is:

Cupid's benediction.

A cup of nectar from the fountain of purity.

A little clover blossom to be plucked by one alone.

A gentle password that admits one to a woman's heart.

A dainty sentinel slain at the barriers, leaving unguarded the gates of love.

A jewel fallen from the hem of Venus caught in the petals of a beauteous flower.

A drop of water to one thirsting in the desert, which refreshes, but makes thirst greater.

It goes without saying that the foregoing sentiments were utterances of mortals in the last stages of love's convulsions. But, then, that is such a common epidemic the world over that we feel assured that we will have conferred a favor upon some forlorn victim of a kiss' influence unable to adequately portray his emotions, by the reproduction of these gems of sentimental literature.

A WORD FOR THE DOG.

The dog is humanity's truest, most faithful, honest and loving friend. He did not come into this world of his own volition; he is not acquainted with law and should not, therefore, be made to suffer for the neglect of these to whom he has the right to look for protection. It may be all right, in the matter of revenue, to tax the dog, but it is not right to make him responsible, under the penalty of his life, for the non-payment of the tax.—St. Louis Star.

ONE American life insurance company has taken account of the theory that the death rate is lower among total abstainers than it is among those who drink alcoholic liquors. Acting on a petition signed by a number of well known men, the Mutual Life Insurance company will establish a total-abstinence class of policy-holders, who will be allowed a reduced rate, if the death rate proves lower among them than among the others.

OUR coal products now amount to the value of $300,000,000 a year against less than $200,000,000 in '94, '95, '96, '97. Coal makes steam, steam makes power, power makes the wheel, the loom, the forge and all kinds of machinery busy. Busy machinery makes work and wages, and work and wages means money and money makes the mare go. Coal does it all. Let us hope the American supply is inexhaustible.

IN 1894 we were producing 128,000 tons of pig iron per week. Now we are producing, and using, over 300,000 tons per week. Protection and pig iron are great friends, and both mean business, and the farmer is just as much interested as the manufacturer and laborer.

WE all have a habit of telling in a fierce manner what we are going to do to our enemies. In this respect at least words speak louder than actions.

UNCLE SAM'S MARVELOUS FOREIGN TRADE.

The most wonderful fiscal year in the history of the United States will end on the 30th of this month. During the last twelve months the United States has enjoyed a foreign trade, in exports and imports, of about $2,335,000,000. This tremendous total, practically beyond the comprehension of the human mind, exceeds by $90,000,000 that of the preceding year. In other words, the foreign trade of the United States during the past year has gained $7,500,000 a month over that of the year previous.

The exports for this year will be about $1,500,000,000, an increase of $100,000,000 over 1900. The imports will be about $835,000,000, a loss of $10,000,000 or $15,000,000 from 1900. The final figures for this year will show a balance of trade in favor of the United States amounting to about $655,000,000, against a balance of $545,000,000 for the year ending June 30, 1900.

The greatest balance of trade the United States has ever had in its favor was in 1898, when the figures were $615,000,000. This year's record will go that great sum $50,000,000 better.

When the treasury officials close their books at the end of this month they expect to have on hand the greatest surplus they have had at the end of any fiscal year since 1889. This surplus will amount to $70,000,000, thus coming very close to the prediction of Secretary Gage a year ago, which was $80,000,000. At the end of the fiscal year it is believed, too, that the treasury will have in its vaults a round $500,000,000 of gold, or an amount larger than that possessed by any other nation. Great indeed are Republican principles and doctrines and Protection is their prophet.

"THE trusts have more power in the Democratic party today than they have had at any time since 1896," said William J. Bryan in a recent speech. William practically admits that the octopus is [illegible] its work and Democracy is a willing victim.

WAR is hard on live stock as well as man. The British government has purchased 250,000 horses and mules in the United States for use in the Boer war and probably as many more in other parts of the world.

Marriages and Divorce.

The canons on marriages and divorce just reported upon which will come up before the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church next October are planned along the lines of prudence and social need. There can be no question that the free and easy way in which minors, the divorced, as well as other ill assorted couples, are married by easy-going clergymen of various communions is a grave social scandal. The clergy of the Protestant Episcopal church have as a rule been signally free from this reproach but usage is far from uniform, so that the church and society will be benefitted by canons that surround the marriage ceremony with all necessary precautions. Prevention, moreover, is always worth tons of cure, and if the churches in general set their faces strongly against ill-advised matches to begin with and then make it difficult for the easy-going to throw over all responsibilities to the first consort out of desire for a second the sobriety of social life would be advanced. Anything that makes for the security of the family and the home and the higher decencies of life is to be encouraged both in and out of the church. This decided action on the part of one important Protestant body will have an effect throughout all evangelical church circles.

—Ex-Congressman Kulp, the Quay boss of Northumberland county was defeated in all his moves in the Republican convention at Sunbury Monday. The anti-Quayites captured everything.

—The Cambria Steel company is said to have passed into the control of interests closely identified with the Pennsylvania railroad through the acquirement of a majority of its stock.

—Eddie Stonebraker, aged 20 years, and Bertha Myers, aged 15, both of DuBois, eloped to Limestone, N. Y., Sunday, and were married.

—Michael Corroll, of Richland township, Cambria county, owns a turkey hen of the black bronze variety, which laid forty-eight eggs this season before quitting.

—The Seventh Annual meeting of the State Bar Association is being held at Bedford Springs this week.

IT IS A PITY SO FEW WOMEN

Are Entirely Free From Pelvic Catarrh.

Miss Anna Carsten, Clayton, Ill.

Miss Anna Carsten, Clayton, Ill., says: ***"Your Peruna did me so much good. I believe I should have been dead by this time had I not used it. I am feeling so well now. I have not taken any medicine for four or five months. I can cheerfully recommend Peruna to my friends."***

Everywhere the people, especially the women, are praising Peruna as a remedy for all forms of catarrhal difficulties.

Roxa Tyler, Vice President of the Illinois Woman's Alliance, writes from 910 East Sixtieth street, Chicago, Ill., the following:

"During the past year I gradually lost flesh and strength until I was unable to perform my work properly. I tried different remedies, and finally Peruna was suggested to me. It gave me new life and strength. I cannot speak too highly of it."

The extreme sensitiveness of the mucous lining of every organ of a woman's body is well known to physicians. This explains why, in part at least, so few women are entirely free from catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh wherever it is located.

Send for free catarrh book. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

ACCOMMODATIONS IN BUFFALO.

Hotels, Boarding and Rooming Houses Many Private Homes.

So much has been said and written about the ability of the city of Buffalo to care for the crowds which will attend the Pan-American Exposition this summer, that a few facts and figures will be appreciated by the general public.

In the first place there are listed more than two hundred hotels which will give accommodation to thirty thousand people; there are six hundred and fifty boarding and rooming houses affording accommodation for eighteen thousand five hundred, while seven thousand owners of houses, most of whom never before hung out their latch string for a consideration, have signified their intention of opening their houses for the accommodation of visitors to Buffalo this summer. These seven thousand homes will accommodate at least one hundred thousand visitors. It is safe to estimate the present capacity of the city of Buffalo to accommodate one hundred and fifty thousand strangers. To this may be added accommodations for at least fifty thousand in the surrounding towns such as Tonawanda, La Salle, Niagara Falls, Lockport, Williamsville, Gardenville, Depew and Lancaster, all within a short trolley ride of the city.

Rates in hotels range from $1 per day upwards. The Iroquois, the most expensive hotel in the city, for one in a room without bath $3 and upwards; for two in a room without bath, $5 and upwards; thus making a minimum rate $2.50 per individual. The rates for a room with a bath for one person, $5, or for two in a room $7.50. This is on the European plan. Good accommodations can be secured in many other good hotels at rates ranging from $1 a day up. Among the private homes of the city accommodations may be secured in as good rooms as a person would wish to occupy from $1 to $2 a day, and in nearly all cases families will furnish breakfast at from twenty-five to fifty cents each, while regular boarding houses make rates with a range in price to fit all pocket books.

EASILY DECIDED.

This Question Should be Answered Easily by Bellefonte People.

Which is wiser, to have confidence in the opinions of your fellow citizens or depend on statements made by utter strangers? Read this:

Mr. Walter Whippo of Water street, leading horse-shoer of Bellefonte, says: "I have a good word to say for Doan's Kidney Pills. I was miserable with backache and a lameness across my loins. I knew it was from my kidneys, for I had suffered from it prior to that. Sometimes I could hardly straighten after bending forward which greatly interfered with my work. I learned about Doan's Kidney Pills procured them at F. Potts Green's drug store and began using them. I had taken other medicine and worn plasters but I never had anything act as promptly as Doan's Kidney Pills. I have been quite free from the whole trouble ever since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

BIG DAY FOR FILIPINOS.

Fourth of July to See First Change in Government.

The Fourth of July will witness the proclamation of civil government in the Philippines under the authority of Governor Taft. An order will shortly be issued by the Secretary of War making Judge William H. Taft Civil Governor of the entire Philippine archipelago, this order to be so worded as to retain the general authority of the War Department over the Philippines.

This is necessary to sustain the view that the Islands are being governed under the military authority of the President and not as integral parts of the United States. Secretary *Root*, although speaking frankly Thursday about the general situation, did not care to disclose all the details of the new civil government to be established under his authority.

The Philippine Commission will be continued for the present, with Judge Taft as chairman; but his duties as civil governor will be paramount to his functions as a commissioner.

A mass of correspondence has been going on for several months between the War Department and Commissioner Taft, and many details of the new form of government have been worked out, but a few points remain to be considered before the official order is issued for the inauguration of the new form of government.

Stale Food not Nourishing.

Meats frozen and kept in cold storage for long periods do not undergo organic changes in the ordinary sense—that is, they do not putrefy, soften or smell bad, but they certainly do deteriorate in some intangable way. After a certain time frozen meat loses some life principal essential to its nourishing quality. Such meat lacks flavor; it is not well digested or assimilated. Its savorless condition cannot be remedied or successfully disguised by the use of sauces and condiments. Those who eat cold storage food for any length of time develop diarrhoeal disorders, lose in weight, and would eventually starve to death, unless a change of diet was made. The same reasoning applies to tinned fruits and vegetables. They should not be used after a certain period has elapsed. Especially should people be warned against using stale eggs and old milk and cream. Milk and cream are kept for days, rancid butter is washed and treated chemically; but all food, and especially cold storage food, is damaged by long keeping, and will not nourish the body properly. There is the greatest abundance of food, but it does not satisfy.—Sanitary Record.

One Passenger too Many.

From the New York Times.

A good story is going the rounds of the offices of the Metropolitan Street Railway company up in the big building at Broadway and Houston street, concerning the wonderful presence of mind displayed recently by a new conductor on one of the company's trolley cars. This particular car was bowling along up Broadway recently when it was hailed and boarded by a company inspector.

The official hurriedly counted the passengers in the car and found that there were nine. Then he cast his eye up to the register and found that there had been only eight fares rung up. He disclosed his identity to the new conductor and called attention to the discrepancy.

Slowly and painfully the new hand counted over his passengers and then scanned his register.

"Begorra, an' you're roight, sir," he said, and promptly stopped the car.

"Say," he demanded, addressing the passengers in an authoritative manner, "Wan o' youse fellows'll have to git off the car-r."

Wedding Near Pine Grove Mills.

Wednesday at 12 o'clock noon, Deimer Pearce, of State College and Miss Cora McMahon were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McMahon, of Charter Oak, by the Rev. Opp. The wedding march was played by Miss Mary McMahon, and the flower girls were two of the bride's sisters. The best man Russell Pearce, a brother of the groom, and the lady of honor was Miss Lozo McMahon, a sister of the bride.

The house was beautifully decorated for the occasion. About a hundred guest were present. The usual wedding dinner was served at 2 o'clock and the young couple left on the afternoon train for the Pan American Exposition.

The bride is a young lady who will make an excellent wife, and has a host of friends who wish her well. The groom is employed at Krumrine Bros. store at State College and is a steady young man. The newly-married couple have the best wishes of all who know them.

Big Mortgage Filed.

The Corning Journal says a mortgage covering the Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad company for $15,000,000, subject to the issue of bonds to that amount, was filed Thursday in the office of the county clerk of Steuben county. The mortgage was given by Charles W. Goodyear, vice-president of the railroad company, in favor of the Metropolitan Trust company of New York. The revenue stamps on the document amounted to $1,490.10.

—Justice S. L. Mestrezat, of the State Supreme court, will spend his summer vacation abroad.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, June 25th, 1901.

President McKinley is confident that the explanation of the law under which Secretary Gage acted in ordering a countervailing duty placed on Russian sugar, a duty upon Russian petroleum, which Secretary Hay has handed to the Russian Ambassador, will convince Russia that this government was not actuated by any feeling of antagonism toward Russian products, and that it will result in the removal of retaliatory duties which Russia has placed upon some of our goods, and the confidence is shared by every member of the Cabinet. The Russian Ambassador also expresses the opinion that the matter will soon be straightened out. There is no truth in statements sent from Washington alleging disagreement in the Cabinet concerning Secretary Gage's acts. There was nothing to disagree about. Secretary Gage merely carried out Acts of Congress, as he was bound to do.

The civil government of that portion of the Philippines where peace and order have been fully established will very appropriately be inaugurated July 4, with Judge Taft, President of the Philippine Commission, as governor, and on the same date Gen. Chaffee will succeed Gen. MacArthur as Military Governor. Adjutant General Corbin, who left Washington, several days ago en route for the Philippines, where he will make a tour of inspection of all the Military Posts, carried, at the request of President McKinley, Gov. Taft's commission.

President McKinley has promised Ex-Senator Carter of Montana, that he would next year complete the tour of the West that was interrupted by Mrs. McKinley's illness, unless prevented by circumstances beyond his control. He took occasion in his conversation with Mr. Carter to express his regrets for having been compelled to disappoint the people who made preparations to receive him, and to say that they could not have been more disappointed than he was.

Senator Butler, of N. C., Chairman of the Populist National Committee, has many erratic ideas, but he is level-headed on the need of the South for protection. He said on that subject: "As a good business principle the South is growing every day to recognize a protective tariff, as a necessity in the commercial life of that section. Every business man realizes that the industries of the South cannot be built up, cannot successfully cope with the long established industries of the North, without a protective tariff." Still there are democrats who are so blind to existing conditions as to deny that support of republican principles is rapidly increasing in the South.

Representative Steele, of Indiana, who was a member of the Ways and Means committee of the last House, and will unquestionably be a member of the the same committee in the present House, said of the alleged demands for tariff revision at the coming session of Congress: "There is no pressing demand throughout the country for tariff revision. Certainly there is no such demand in Indiana where even the democrats are satisfied with the present condition of affairs. When tariff revision is necessary, which is not now apparent; it will be had along republican lines. The business people of the country do not want tariff agitation, If they want anything, it is a rest. They are doing first rate, and they do not want their prosperity jeopardized by tariff tinkering." When asked about the Indiana sentiment concerning Senator Fairbanks as a Presidential candidate, Mr. Steele said: "Speaking as a friend of Senator Fairbanks, I think the talk about him in connection with the Presidency, is without his consent. No one questions for a moment his fitness for the position, but to put him the attitude of formulating a boom at this time, simply means making him a target, for the next 3 years, during which all the other candidates can fire at him;" Of the general political outlook Mr. Steele said: "The democrats certainly cannot expect to gain ground if their policy is correctly outlined by Senator Jones, of Arkansas. He simply said that whatever the republicans do about the Philippines, the democrats will take the opposite side. I do not think the republicans have much to fear from that sort of opposition."

Inasmuch as a battleship represents a value of 6 or 7 million dollars, the order of Secretary Long, forbidding commanders of that class of vessels, taking the unnecessary risk of wrecking their ships by carrying them through Hell Gate Channel, one of the outlets of New York Harbor, as Captain Manney did the Massachusetts the other day, is generally commended. Secretary Long said the order was not intended as a rebuke to Captain Manney, but merely as a precaution against taking unnecessary risks.

The agitation for a new Commissioner of Pensions continues, but President McKinley says nothing. It is not regarded as probable that there will be any change in the head of the Pension Bureau until the President can find something that would be regarded as a promotion to offer Commissioner Evans, unless the latter should resign, and that he says he has no intention of doing.

—Talk is not always cheap; at least some people's talk. John G. Milburn, president of the Pan-American exposition, is to be paid $10,000 for his defense of Roland B. Molineux accused of murder.

MILLHEIM NEWS.

D. M. Morris and wife, of Loganton, are visiting at the home of their son Charles, on Penn Street.

Rev. Noble of the M. E. Church of State College is a visitor at Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Campbell on Main street.

C. W. Burd, was seen on our streets on Thursday. He has not fully recovered from a broken arm.

Harry Keen, Ed. Musser, George Sechrist, I. O. Hosterman and W. F. Smith attended a horse sale on Thursday at Mifflinburg. W. F. Smith was the auctioneer.

C. M. Bower, one of the leading attorneys at Bellefonte, was in town on Thursday.

Leo Stern, representing the clothing house of Tobias & Weil of New York City, interviewed D. J. Neiman, the merchant here on Thureday and Friday.

George L. Springer with two others, were out on Thursday evening, in Penns Creek, and captured 54 large Frogs, "More Rum! More Rum."

Rev. Emanuel Keen, U. Ev. preacher of Nescopeck, is here on a visit among relatives.

Miss Bessie Mamolin, after a few weeks visit to her sister, Mrs. D. J. Neiman, returned to her home in Lock Haven one day this week.

J. S. Bowersox, of Harrisburg, hardware salesman was in town a few days this week.

Jacob Mamolin of Philadelphia was a visitor at the home of his sister, Mrs. D. J. Neimanon North street.

Grant Hoover, insurance man of Bellefonte, transacted business here on Friday.

Bruce Garman, of Garman's hotel of Bellefonte was in town on Friday.

Agents are as thick as hops on a vine.

F. O. Hosterman and Henry Keen each, bought a horse at the horse sale at Mifflinburg on Thursday.

Stover Snook, student at State College visited here on Saturday and Sunday.

Aaron Snook, who has been sojourning in the west for a few months, arrived home this week.

A substantial stone crossing has been put down at the residence of Fred Catherman on North street, by street commissioner "Cooney" Auman.

P. H. Keller, of Lewisburg, and A. Hess of New York City, registered at the National Hotel as Saturday.

When Things are Different.

A Bloomsburg newspaper man, in speaking of the unreasonableness of many men, describes a frequent experience in all newspaper offices when he says that he was recently approached by a subscriber to his paper and asked to publish an article "roasting" a citizen. He consented and was furnished with an outline of what was desired. The article was written just as he wanted it, and when it was read to him he exclaimed: "That's splendid; that will make his hair crumble." "All right;" said the editor. "Now let me see, what are your initials?" "Good heavens" said the fellow, "you are not going to sign my name to it!" "Why not?" asked the editor. "I would not have anyone know that I had anything to do with that for the world. I can't afford to get in a fray with my neighbors." "Well should I shoulder the responsibility for a matter that does not concern me in the least, and to which you are afraid to sign your name?" The man stopped his paper and went away mad. Every editor in this country has the same experience.

Murder at Mill Creek.

A murder was committed in the woods near Mill Creek, supposed to have been done last Sunday. The first news of it was had when a dead Italian was seen floating in the river near Mapleton on Thursday and was identified as one of the men employed by Sims & Co., contractors. He was shot, there being a bullet hole in his head, and no doubt was thrown into the river. It was afterwards learned that the victim and two other Italians had taken a basket of beer and went to a woods nearby Mill Creek to spend Sunday, since which time none of the three has been seen until the dead man was found on Thursday. The other two are supposed to have left for parts unknown. Another man disappeared mysteriously from the grading at Mt. Union on Wednesday, leaving his personal effects and money and not even drawing his wages or asking for his time. No doubt he, too, had met with foul play.

—Scores of old barns in Ohio have floors and mangers of black walnut, put in fifty or seventy-five years ago, when the chief endeavor of the pioneer was to clean the dense forests for crops. So popular is black walnut furniture abroad that English and French agents buy even old barn timbers and fence rails. One of the few walnut groves left in Ohio was sold recently for export as lumber. The largest tree, eight feet in diameter at the stump, brought $1,200.

Storm at Renovo.

Renovo had a terrific thunder and lightning storm Saturday evening. While no damage of any consequence is reported, it was the hardest storm that passed over that town in years. The grounds were so wet that Robinson's show could not exhibit in the evening.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

"Twixt tweedledum and tweedledee
The gulf's fixed by Society.

The prosy fact of today is the dream of yesterday come true.

How few of the readers of Moore have caught the full, bitter meaning of the line: "The light that lies in woman's eyes!"

If law and justice were synonymous, business would be paralyzed.

The man who dares may often do wrong but the one who does not dare will never do right.

The meek may inherit the earth, but that does not hinder those who are not meek from getting possession of it.

A good heart dictates what is right; etiquette, what is correct.

A man's reputation for wisdom is most easily shattered by words of wisdom which are distasteful.

Woman admires man for what he thinks she is. That is why admiration is usually misplaced.

The wise man never asks for what he wants—he takes it.

Nothing is so incredible as that which we do not wish to believe.

Most of us are far too ready to strike the minor keys in life's harmonies.

Government Positions.

Comparatively few people know that about 10,000 appointments are made each year to the government service or how these appointments are made. Most every one knows that for appointments to many positions a Civil Service examination is required. What positions require an examination, what kind of an examination must be passed, what salaries are paid in the different offices, what prospect there is of appointment to certain positions, etc., is not known possibly by one person in fifty thousand. All this information is contained in the Announcement of the Department of Civil Service Examinations of the National Correspondence Institute of Washington, D. C., a copy of which has been received by this office. This handsome booklet is sent free by the Institute to all who request it.

Rapid Transit in Clearfield County.

The Bituminous Street Railway Co., in this county, has been chartered at Harrisburg, with a capital of $180,000, for a proposed line from DuBois through Rathermel, Big Run, Reynoldsville and other town adjacent to DuBois; have a population of 50,000 people. The president of the new company is Geo. A. Lukehart, Esq., and the directors named are John M. Urey, Esq., of Clearfield, W. A. Engleman and Mr. Hess, DuBois; J. N. Langham and some others of Indiana, Pa. The building of the road has not been commenced, but we understand will be during the summer.

A Word for the Home Printer.

Bellefonte printers appreciate those who give their work to the home offices instead of sending their orders out of town or giving them to the representatives of foreign establishments, who are continually visiting the town, soliciting job work, or to a set of fake sharks who hang about the city concocting schemes to fleece the unwary merchant. The home patrons are the men who make it possible for a newspaper office to exist in the small towns. They believe in the golden rule "Do unto others as you would have others do unto you," and it is these whose enterprise the newspapers take pleasure in supporting.

Diplomacy a Fine Art.

Diplomacy is a fine art, and in its successful practice much depends upon the observation of social conventions. Some of the most successful diplomats seem to spend most of their time at dinners and parties, apparently doing nothing but enjoying themselves, but in reality serving well their countries. In truth, the reputation of a country at a foreign court and ofttimes its welfare in important issues depend very largely upon the social abilities of its minister, for the man who is popular socially is very likely to drive a better international bargain than his unsociable brother. This is well understood at Washington, and the selection of a chief for one of our foreign embassies depends in no small part upon his social culture.—Edward Page Gaston in Woman's Home Companion.

Lessons In Love.

"I've noticed," said the observant girl, "that the big men are the most demonstrative in their lovemaking."

"Perhaps," remarked the wise girl; "but, after all, a girl should never judge a lover by his sighs."—Philadelphia Record.

A Successful Case.

First Lawyer—I just concluded a very successful case.

Second Lawyer—Your client won, eh?

First Lawyer—Oh, no, but I got my fees!—Ohio State Journal.

Every decade brings shorter hours to those who merely work, but for those who would succeed there is no time table.—Saturday Evening Post.

Adam de la Hale, a troubadour, wrote the world's first comic opera in 1240 A. D.

—Hon. William H. Taft, president of the Philippine commission, has been appointed civil governor of the Philippine Islands.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

C. L. Gramley et ux to Griffin P. Gault, Aug. 24, 1900. 7 acres 97 perches in Miles twp. Consideration $300.

Wm. F. Reynolds to Chas McCafferty, Jan. 27, 1893. ½ acre in Milesburg. Consideration $3000.

Susan Woodle to Charles T. Kennedy, May 8, 1901. Lot in Rush twp. Consideration $115.00.

Stephen Woodring et ux to R. H. Woodring, June 20, 1901. Tract of land in Worth twp. Consideration $50.00.

O. P. Jones admr. to Maria Deviney, June 14, 1901. Lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $400.00.

Thomas B. Harned et ux to Archibald Monroe, May 30, 1901. 2 tracts in Liberty twp. Consideration $147.70.

County Commissioners to Thos. B Harned et al. April 28, 1901. 305 acres 120 perches in Liberty twp. Consideration $40.70.

Harrison Kline, treasurer, to County Commissioners, Dec. 12, 1898. 305 acres 120 perches in Liberty twp. Consideration $3.12.

W. J. Harter et ux et al to Thos. E. Vonada, March 28, 1901. 20 acres in Haines twp. Consideration $25.00.

Robt. Kerr et ux to Wm. Almond, June 12, 1901. Lot in Rush twp. Consideration $350.00.

Moses Owens et ux to Nannie C. Lytle, June 14, 1901. Lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $1,000.

Jefferson Farce et ux to Sara E. Farce, June 16, 1901. 58½ acres in Burnside twp. Consideration $300.00.

William Brooks Butler to Catherine Biggins, June 14, 1901. House and lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $800.00.

Sarah A. Shreffler to Clarence E. Musser, April 1, 1901. 2 lots in Aaronsburg. Consideration $225.00.

W. E. Gray et ux to Mary L. Houseman, Nov. 15, 1899. Lot No. 6 State College boro. Consideration $1380.

Malinda Confer's heirs to Sarah Leitzel, March 25, 1901. Lot 391 Haines twp. Consideration $335.00.

Wm. Colyer et ux to Wesley Nevel, March 28, 1901. 35 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $300.00.

Mary Ketnus admr. to Mary J. Musser; June 21, 1901. 20 acres 180 perches in Haines twp. Consideration $847.00.

T. B. Buddinger et ux to Trustees M. E. church, Clarence, Pa., Dec. 1, 1900. 2 lots in Snow Shoe twp. Consideration $5.00.

Qualified.

From the Indianapolis Sun.

"But, mamma," said the beautiful South American heiress, "do you believe I will have any trouble in being received in society in the United States?"

"I don't see why," answered her mother. "You have plenty of money and you can make the best of them look like small change when it comes to being a daughter of the revolution.

Cambria Steel Company's Big Order

A gentleman who arrived in Johnstown Monday night from the east says that the Cambria Steel Co., has received, or is about to receive, another order for 500 of its steel cars from the Reading Railroad Co., aggregating 1,000 for the present year, the previous order for 500, on which the company is now working having come from the same source. More than this, it is said, another order for over 700 cars is in sight by the Cambria people, but whether from the Reading people has not been learned. The Cambria Co., has already completed and delivered some of the cars on its first order to the Reading people who were greatly pleased, and the second has come as a result. The manufacture of steel cars by the local company has been brought to a pretty good system now, it is understood, and the output, which has reached 2 cars per day, is probably as great as it will be until the erection of the new car shop.—Johnstown Tribune.

REAL ESTATE,

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Of Centre County.

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Valuable Town and Country property for sale or rent.

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If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in our hands.

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Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure you.

OFFICE:

Room 3, - Bush Arcade, - Bellefonte

THE BLEEDING CURE.

A RELIC OF THE MEDICAL METHODS OF A CENTURY AGO.

The Barbarous Practice of "Cupping" Suffering Humanity Still Has Its Adherents—The Operation a Somewhat Delicate One.

One hundred years ago the sovereign balm for every ill, from fainting to fever, was bleeding. The wonder is that a human race was left to admit the folly of the practice. It was the correct method of the day, recommended and employed by the best physicians of the time. The surgeon who attended George Washington in his last illness first set about bleeding his august patient. The story is that he took several cups of blood from the vigorous arm of Washington and then diagnosed the case. Washington died. Some say that if he had not been bled he probably would have lived.

The cry comes, But that was a century ago! In sharp contrast stands the wonderful advances made by modern surgery. Thankfully it may be said that such is the truth. But sometimes customs die hard, and today the doctrine of "cupping" has devotees as faithful as those who gave up their life sustaining fluid in Washington's time. This is a startling statement. The writer would have been skeptical if he had not learned its truth himself.

In the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries this grewsome form of treatment was the work of the barber. That guild has maintained its prerogative into the twentieth century. In a certain little side street in New York, crushed between two towering brick buildings, stands a timid story and a half frame house. The suggestive striped pole which emblazons the art of the dweller within juts over the walk. In the window hangs a sign bearing the word "Cupping." If today were set back to 1700, the pole alone would tell the story. Times, they say, have changed, and so the sign.

The barber is a German. He was much surprised at the question asked. Everybody knew that cupping was a necessity, especially in the spring, he said. Sometimes, he added, he was so busy that little time remained for his shaving and hair cutting of customers.

"Ach, yes," said the barber, "it keeps me a busy man. How strange you say that you thought it no longer was practiced. People come here morning, noon and night every day, but mostly do they come here in the spring and fall. It is then that the blood needs drawing off. If you have a pain in your head, you come to me. I take my little cup, burn the air in it out, push down my little knives just behind your ear on the neck, and when the cup is full I take it away. If your headache is not better yet, I take another cup, so be it that the bleeding stop not, upon the other side. Maybe your back pains; I cut you a little on the side. Your arm pains; I draw the blood from your wrist."

The barber bared his arm. The skin was crossed with tiny, pale nicks, like those one sees on the wrist of a morphine victim.

"Twelve is the number of cups I draw at one sitting," the barber said. "It is a bad pain that will not be gone then. If you come again the next day with the pain, I draw off more until the ache has disappeared completely."

The cups look like sherry glasses with the stems removed. The knife, or lancet, is arranged like a name stamp. Pressure on a spring plunger drives the little blades, which are arranged in pairs or triplets, into the skin. It is here that the skill of the operator comes into play. When the incisions are made in the neck too violent, a tap on the plunger might mean the severing or wounding of an artery. Pressure too light would not let the blood flow fast enough. The barber must have a trained touch.

Upon the condition of the cup much depends. The air is exhausted by means of a tiny alcohol flame. This makes a vacuum. The cup is pressed on lightly, but firmly. The blood rushes under the skin beneath its rim; then, like a flash, the little knives are pushed down, and the bleeding begins. The operator never takes more than 12 cups at one sitting. That would mean perhaps a half pint of blood.

This system of bleeding for human ailments harks back to the earliest times. All through the middle ages it was the healing balm for the sufferings of mankind. The ancients firmly believed that the loss of blood in this manner drew from their systems the "noxious humors" which afflicted them. The advent of the modern school of medicine and surgery did away with the process as a universal therapeutic measure. It was not until the nineteenth century was nearly half completed, however, that physicians abandoned it as a practice.—New York Tribune.

A Trait of the Sex.

A traveling man who had been absent on a long trip just returned, and his 4-year-old daughter would not at first come near him. Every time he approached her she ran away. The father finally sat down on the floor and, picking up some toy dishes, asked his daughter to come and play party with him.

This had the desired effect, and the child came and played with her parent, who asked her why she didn't come to him before.

"Oh, papa," replied the youngster, "I'm so shy."—Pittsburg Press.

Sweeping.

A young man who had just entered the office of Jeremiah Mason, the great New Hampshire legal luminary, to study law asked him where he should begin. Mason, pointing to the books on the library shelves, answered laconically, "Anywhere."

ENGLISH SPARROWS.

Dates at Which These Birds Were Imported Into This Country.

I have been asked several times lately at what date the common English sparrows were imported into the United States and by whom.

It seems that the first attempt was made in 1858 by a private citizen of Portland, Me. In the fall of that year he liberated six sparrows, and they immediately made themselves at home in his garden and outbuildings. For a few years these birds and their descendants were seen in and about the town in small squads. These birds multiplied until in the winter of 1871 a flock of them appeared in every nearby town, thus showing their tendency to spread over adjoining territory.

About 1860 12 birds were imported and liberated near Madison square, New York city, and this was repeated for several seasons.

In 1864 the commissioners of New York liberated 14 birds in Central park. About this time numerous persons returning from abroad brought a few birds home and set them at liberty in and about Jersey City.

The craze for importing these birds spread, and in 1868 the city government of Boston imported a great number. But the birds had not been carefully handled, and they did not thrive, and others were brought over. The birds which survived from these various importations were carefully fed and looked after by the city government.

In 1869 a thousand were imported and liberated in the city of Philadelphia, and soon the birds spread over all adjacent territory.

About this time the Smithsonian institution became interested in bringing these birds to this country, so they imported 300, but most of them died. In 1871 the same institution brought over another lot, and they were successfully cared for.

From this it is seen that the birds have started from a number of points and were not one or two importations to New York, as is usually supposed.—Washington Post.

STOVES.

Owing to the mildness of the climate in Portugal heating stoves are rarely used in that country.

Heating and cooking stoves are both used by the upper classes in Greece, but the lower classes still live without using either.

Very few heating and cooking stoves are used in Paraguay. All the houses have brick stoves built in them, so that iron stoves have little or no sale.

Stoves made of tiling are in general use in Austria. They are said to be superior to iron stoves on account of the great economy of fuel possible by their use.

There is in the Mediterranean countries a widespread prejudice against all artificial heat, and consequently not more than one house in six is ever heated during the winter time.

Iron cooking stoves are almost an unknown luxury among the people of South America and the West Indies. They still cook in open fireplaces and by other primitive methods.

The cooking stove, as it is known in the United States, does very little service in France. A few are in use in the country, but in most farmhouses the cooking is done in a large open fireplace. In the cities a furnace is built in the small kitchen.

Paying the Landlord.

The proprietor of one of the new apartment houses near Fifth avenue has paid a rather heavy penalty for having a cartoonist as one of his tenants. The artist wanted some changes made in the decoration of his apartment, and the proprietor declined to make them. The proprietor's features are pronounced, and he wears long, flowing side whiskers. His face, distorted to suit the cartoonist's fancy, has appeared nearly every week in one of the comic papers. Sometimes the proprietor figures as the villain and again as the countryman who is bunkoed every week in the pages of this publication. The cartoonist lets the whiskers grow from week to week; then, just as his victim imagines that they will grow so long that his friend will not recognize him, the artist trims the whiskers down again. The proprietor of the apartment house has concluded that the only way in which he can get even with the cartoonist is to put in a bill for services as model.—New York Sun.

Disheartening.

Even the clergyman, noble and inspiring as his vocation is, has now and then his bad moments.

"Oh, sir," said a poor woman to a Scotch minister, who was by no means a popular preacher, "well do I like the day when you give us the sermon."

"Indeed!" said the minister, flushing with pleasure. "I wish there were more like you, my good woman. It is seldom I hear such words from any one."

"Maybe their hearing's stronger than mine, sir," said the woman promptly, "but when you preach I can always get a good seat."—Youth's Companion.

A Clock Run by Balls.

A clock owned in England is run by balls which fall into pockets on the right side of a wheel, which revolves and operates the works. The balls drop into a drawer when the wheel revolves far enough. The clock is "wound up" by placing the balls in a receptacle on top of the clock.—Jewelers' Circular-Weekly.

The first anthracite coal known to be such was discovered at Mauch Chunk, Pa., in 1791. The Lehigh Coal Mining company began business in the same year, making a commodity of the recent discovery.

DWELLERS IN FLATS.

A NEW YORK REAL ESTATE AGENT ON THEIR CHARACTERISTICS.

Peculiar Lines Which, According to His Experience, People of Different Nationalities Take In Causing Trouble to the Owners.

The first question put by the renting agent was, "What nationality, please?" and the woman in the blue hat replied by asking, "Why do you want to know?"

"I meant no offense," said the agent. "I only thought that by finding out your nationality I could refer you at once to certain buildings on my list which would be apt to please you." The woman in the blue hat had half a notion to get angry.

"I don't see what my nationality has to do with finding a suitable flat," she said.

"It has a good deal to do with it," said the agent. "Now, I can see straight off that you are an American, born and bred. This is a delicate question that you have plunged me into, but since I am in it I mean to flounder around a little while longer and tell you a few facts pertaining to the merits and demerits of different nationalities considered in the light of flathouse tenants.

"First of all, I want to speak from the standpoint of prompt payment. If my success in business depended upon each tenant paying his rent exactly when it was due, I would try to fill all my houses with Scotchmen. Never have I lost a penny on a Scot, and seldom have I had to wait.

"I am not making the rash assertion that it is impossible for a Scotchman to be dishonest while everybody else is trying his best to cheat me out of my very eyeteeth. The point I wish to make is that personally I have never suffered loss at the hands of a Scot. But they give trouble in other ways. They are fearfully quarrelsome and raise so many rows with the other tenants through the dumb waiter shaft that it keeps the janitor busy straightening out domestic snarls. In all my buildings where Scotchmen reside I select a janitor with a view to his even disposition and diplomatic gifts. It doesn't matter so much about his ability for scrubbing and keeping the furnace going. Utilitarian accomplishments are a secondary consideration so long as he is endowed with the blessed qualities of a peacemaker.

"Taken all in all, the most peaceable people I get in my houses hail from Sweden. You never hear a peep out of a Swede. He doesn't bother his neighbors and he doesn't bother me unless the provocation is extreme. As a rule, he is good pay too. The only fault I have to find with him is his fondness for moving. A lease is a dead letter in his eye, and he has no more compunction about moving without a day's notice than he has about going to bed when he is sleepy."

The woman in the blue hat asked what were the chief characteristics of Americans as tenants.

"Their supreme selfishness," said the agent. "They have not a spark of consideration for a landlord. They want the earth. They never get through asking for improvements. They are not content to get the walls tinted and the woodwork painted and the plumbing fixed once or twice a year. They want new decorations every month, and all the trimmings must be first class too. American tenants pay big prices for their flats, but there isn't really so much profit in catering to them as to other nationalities, for the simple reason that I have to pay out nearly all my income in trying to keep up the building in the style they demand. On the other hand, the people who ask for the least are the Italians and the French. They take most any old thing I feel like giving them, the French meekly providing their own decorations and the Italians going without.

"I like German tenants pretty well, too, but they are terribly hard on flats. I never could understand how they manage to inflict so much damage on walls and floors. Judging by the looks of an apartment just vacated by a large German family, one would think that their star piece of furniture was a battering ram.

"The czar's former subjects also have an abnormally developed bump of destructiveness, although they run to glass instead of plastering. I have one house down town that is occupied by ten Russian families, and if they were not compelled to repair their own damages it would keep me poor putting in new windows and buying new gas globes.

"I also rent to colored people. I have three houses full of them at present, and I must say that I have never had better tenants. But when you come down to facts, all my tenants are nice people, only I thought it might not be amiss while on the subject of nationality to mention a few of the peculiarities of each."—New York Sun.

Homemade Stoves.

In many parts of Spain the stove in general use is made from an empty petroleum oil can by cutting a hole near the bottom on one of the sides to make a draft, the can being lined with gypsum to the pleasure of the constructor, giving the fire space accordingly. The stove thus made, primitive as it is in its appearance, is effective in purpose and costs the equivalent of but a few cents of our money.

Peterboro, in New Hampshire, established the first free public library in the United States in 1833, and as early as 1849 a general law authorizing taxation for library purposes was passed.

One of the most destructive earthquakes in the world's history was that which occurred in Tokyo in the year 1703, when 190,000 people were killed.

Nerve Slavery.

It is present-day conditions—heaping burdens of work upon the nervous system that tells the story—premature breaking up of health.

It tells why so many men and women, who so far as age in years is concerned, should be in the prime of health, find themselves letting go of the strength, the power, the vitality they once possessed. It is because that great motor power of the body, nerve force, is impaired. Every organ depends upon its controlling power just as much as the engine depends upon the steam to put it into action. An engine won't go without steam. Neither will the heart, the brain, the liver, the kidneys, the stomach act right without their proper nerve force supply. Let any organ be lacking in this essential and troubles begin—some of them are:

Throbbing, palpitating heart.
Sleepless nights.
Sudden startings.
Morning languor.
Brain fag.
Inability to work or think.
Exhaustion on exertion.
Flagging appetite.
Digestion slow.
Food heavy.
Easily excited, nervous, irritable.
Strength fails.
Loss of flesh and muscular power.
Settled melancholia.
Utter despondency.

A picture, hideous, but easily changed to one of brightness by use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. They build up the nerves and supply nerve force.

The above is the genuine package of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold by dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Company Buffalo, N. Y. Price 50 cents.

WOMEN AND DREAMS.

Superstition That Is Rife Even Among the Educated Fair Sex.

It doesn't seem possible that in this enlightened age superstition could be rife among the educated, but there are nevertheless a number of young women who converse fluently, if not eloquently, in three languages, and who read Spencer and Browning and Emerson, but who place a dreambook with their Bible on the table beside the bed and consult it in the morning the first thing.

With a credulity worthy of a negro mammy, if their sleep has been visited with unusual visitors they seize this volume as soon as their eyes are fairly open and look for an explanation. If misfortune is foretold by it, the seeker after knowledge assumes a bravado she is far from feeling. "I don't care," she says to herself, by way of bolstering up her courage. "I am not superstitious, anyway, and I don't believe in such arrant nonsense." But she's nervous just the same for days until her troubles have driven this mythical one out of her mind.

There's one young woman known to the writer who never dreams of a young child without shivering and shaking for days after in fear of some dreadful thing happening to her. She has not consulted a dreambook on the subject, and so she doesn't know how infants and bad luck became connected in her mind, but nevertheless, after she has had a visit of this sort while sleeping, she says prayers of unusual length and then makes up her mind to be patient under afflictions sore.

She is an intelligent woman, mind you, but she doesn't attempt to explain the terror that besets her at this particular dream. She doesn't call herself superstitious—of course no woman does, not even the one who wouldn't walk under a ladder—but her friends do and make light of her until she exposes some fetich of theirs, when the subject is carefully avoided afterward. —Baltimore American.

THE CONQUEST OF KOREA.

Japanese Legend of Emperor Chuai and His Valiant Wife.

Seventeen centuries ago the Japanese Emperor Chuai was playing his lute in the presence of his wife and prime minister. Whether on account of the music or from some other cause, the empress became inspired with a divine afflatus and began to utter the thoughts put into her mind by the deity. "There is a land to the westward," she exclaimed, "and in that land is abundance of treasure, gold and silver, dazzling to look upon. This land I will now bestow upon you."

The emperor pushed away his lute. "If you go up to a high place and look toward the west," said he, "there is no land to be seen, but only the great waters. They are lying spirits who have spoken to you."

Then the good god was filled with anger, and again he moved the empress to prophesy. "You are not fit," she said, "to rule this empire. Go the one road!"

But the prime minister trembled when he heard these words and said to his master: "I am troubled, my heavenly sovereign, by this terrible message. Continue, I pray, to play the august lute."

The Emperor Chuai commenced to play softly. Gradually the sound died away; all was still. They held a light to his face and saw that he was dead. But the empress put herself at the head of her fleet, invaded the land of gold and silver with her warriors and soon made the three kingdoms of Korea tributary to Japan.

These things happened, we are told, in the year 201 A. D., and the story of the valliant empress is as familiar to a Japanese as is that of Boadicea to ourselves.—Nineteenth Century.

The Slowness of Starvation.

During a prolonged fast the loss of weight is unusually rapid at first and decreases as the time goes on. Death ensues when a certain percentage of the loss has been reached, and this percentage varies according to the original weight. Fat animals may lose half their weight, thinner ones perhaps two-fifths. A man or woman of rather spare build weighing 143 pounds might, therefore, lose about 55 pounds before succumbing. Children die after a fast of from three to five days, during which they have lost a quarter of their weight. Healthy adults, however, have fasted 50 days when water has been taken. A German physician reports the case of a woman aged 47 years who fasted for 43 days, taking water freely. She lost 44 pounds out of 143 pounds and died from exhaustion.

An Idea of Mars.

"As for me," said M. Flammarion, speaking of the inhabitants of Mars in The National Magazine, "I rather envy them—a land where it is always beautiful, where there are neither tempests nor cyclones, where the years are twice as long as ours, where the kilogram is of 376 grams and where, therefore, men and women who here weigh 70 kilos there weigh only 26, and where, in a word, everything is lighter, more delicate and more refined."

And in another place he goes further, pointing out that if the Martians wished to communicate with us they would have doubtless made the effort many times in the past and probably long ago abandoned it, deciding it a hopeless business to attempt communication with a planet so stupid.

A Talkative Mute.

"She is so garrulous," said the first deaf mute, speaking of a friend who was similarly affected.

"Is that so?"

"Yes. Why, do you know, when no one is around for her to talk to, she makes her right hand talk to her left."—Baltimore American.

Lincoln's Swear Word.

One story that is told of Lincoln relates to that extreme, correctively critical attitude which Secretary Seward always maintained toward the president.

Mr. Lincoln and the secretary had managed to escape from a man who had been boring them, and as they reached the house the president threw himself into an armchair and exclaimed:

"By jings, governor, we are here!"

Mr. Seward replied by asking in a reproving tone:

"Mr. President, where did you learn that inelegant expression?"

Mr. Lincoln immediately turned to several young men who had entered the room in time to hear the exclamation and said:

"Young gentlemen, excuse me for swearing before you. 'By jings' is swearing, for my good old mother taught me that anything that had a 'by' before it is swearing. I won't do so any more."—Youth's Companion.

How Piccadilly Was Named.

It's curious how the names of towns and streets come from something that has been the fashion of the day. Who knows where the word "Piccadilly" originated from, the name of that wonderful street of which it is written that "some make love and some make poetry in Piccadilly?" The street was built by a tailor named Higgins, whose fortune was made in a kind of collar called Piccadel or Pickadill or Piccadilley, which was worn by all the beaus of the day. Of course it is not meant that the street as it stands today was built by him, but he erected a few houses to which he gave the name the street now bears.

In prehistoric times the rhinoceros flourished in California, while large lions and tigers lived in the jungles.

HAVE TO GIVE UP.

ITS ALL OVER WHEN NERVOUS SICK HEADACHE COMES TO YOUNG OR OLD—EVERYTHING STOPS AND NOTHING GOES ON BUT THE NERVOUS SICK HEADACHES.

If anything will engender a disregard for even life itself it is continued or oft repeated attacks of nervous sick headache. You may be able to partially describe it but the English language fails to fully do it justice. Its misery so concentrated, so condensed, so prostrating that all else is enveloped in its meshes.

Mrs. John H. Beck, of No. 115 3rd St., North, Philipsburg, Pa., says: "Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are just fine. I used to suffer all the time with nervous sick headaches, terrible headaches that weakens one and makes one nervous and trembly. I was told of the Nerve Pills and got a box and the result was remarkable. The medicine stopped the headaches completely. A single box did this for me and I am only too glad to say so."

By calling at Krumrine's Drug Store information can be obtained regarding this great success of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and how they were first introduced by proof of their merit.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Pennsylvania Railroad Special Excursion to Pan-American Exposition, account Philadelphia Day.

On account of Philadelphia Day at the Pan-American Exposition, Saturday, June 29th, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will run special excursions to Buffalo from Philadelphia and adjoining territory on June 27 and 28. Round trip tickets, good going only on train leaving Philadelphia at 8:30 and Harrisburg at 11:35 A. M. on June 27 and 28, and on local trains connecting therewith, and good to return on regular trains until July 6, inclusive, will be sold at rate of $9.25 from Philadelphia, Reading, Lancaster, and Trenton; $8.40 from Harrisburg; $7.26 from Altoona, via Tyrone; $10.00 from Wilmington and points on Delaware Division; $9.95 from Bordentown; $10.50 from Atlantic City; and proportionate rates from intermediate stations. These tickets will not be good in parlor or sleeping cars in either direction. For specific time and rates, consult local ticket agents.

Pennsylvania Railroad Reduced Rates to Detroit, account National Educational Association.

For the meeting of the National Educational Association at Detroit, July 8 to 12, 1901, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell excursion tickets to Detroit from all stations on its lines, at the rate of one fare for the round trip, plus $2.00. Tickets will be sold July 6, 7 and 8, good returning to leave Detroit not earlier than July 9 nor later than July 15. By depositing tickets with Joint Agent on or before July 12, and the payment of 50 cents, the return limit may be extended to leave Detroit not later than September 1.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

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No Fits after first day's use. Consultation, personal or by mail, treatise and $2 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE to Fit patients who pay expressage only on delivery. Permanent Cure, not only temporary relief, for all Nervous Disorders, Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Debility, Exhaustion. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ld., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

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TAKING EFFECT IN SEPTEMBER 1900, the General Courses have been extensively modified, so as to furnish a much more varied range of electives, after the Freshman Year, than heretofore, including History; the English, French German, Spanish, Latin and Greek Languages and Literatures; Psychology; Ethics; Pedagogics, and Political Science. These courses are especially adapted to the wants of those who seek either the most thorough training for the Profession of Teaching, or a general College Education.

The courses in Chemistry, Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Mining Engineering are among the very best in the United States. Graduates have no difficulty in securing and holding positions.

YOUNG WOMEN are admitted to all courses on the same terms as Young Men.

The FALL SESSION opens September 12, 1900.

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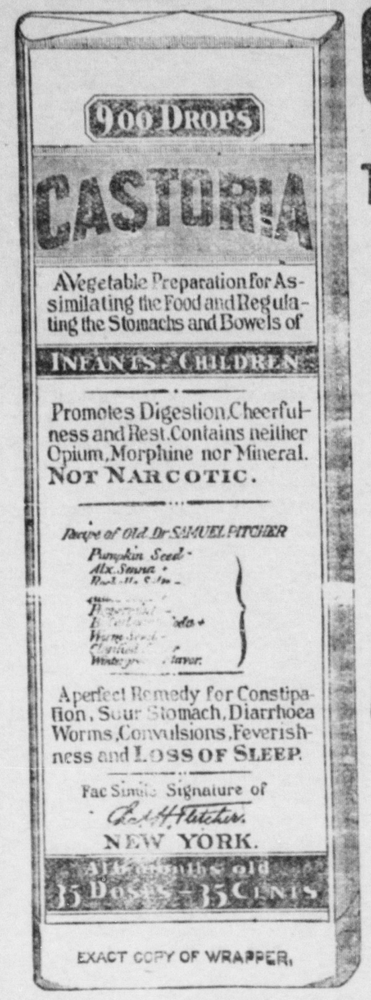
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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SENATOR GRADY ANGRY

He Calls the Turn on the Fellow Members in His Senate

MANY BILLS POSTPONED AS RESULT

Focht-Guffy Ballot Reform Measure Snowed Under and the Constitutional Bill Fails of Passage.

THE JUDICIAL BILL DEFEATED

HARRISBURG, June 21.—Ballot reform is dead. The senate defeated the Focht Guffey bill by a vote of 19 to 14 It was put to death by democratic votes, the stalwarts present all voting for the measure. The following is the vote on the bill:

Yeas—Cumings, Emery, Fisher, Focht, Fox, Gransback, Heidelbaugh, Magee Matson, Quail, Scott, Sisson, Snyder, Sproul, Stineman, Stober, Vaughan, Williams, Woods—19.

Nays—Boyd, Drury, Haines, Heinle, Herbst, Higgins, Lee, Miller, Neely, Rice, Stewart, Stiles, Weiss, Wentz—14.

Present and not Voting—Messrs. Grady and McKee.

Absent—Berkelbach, Budke, Cochran, Crawford, Edmiston, Flinn, Henry, Kemerer, Keyser, Martin, Muehlbronner, Vare Washburn, Weller.

The defeat of a bill relating to the Philadelphia court stenographers precipitated a wrangle in the senate, which resulted in that body being suddenly adjourned to save a large number of hospital appropriation bills from being placed in jeopardy. The bill provides that the stenographers in the Philadelphia courts shall not receive extra compensation for services in cases where the county is a party. The bill was in charge of Mr. Grady, of Philadelphia, and he had Mr. Wentz, of Montgomery, call it up. At the time there was barely a quorum present. A hundred bills which require two-thirds, or 34 votes, to pass, were being put through notwithstanding the lack of the necessary number of votes, many of the senators, following custom, having left instructions to the clerks to mark them up in the affirmative on appropriation bills for hospitals. The vote on the stenographers' bill fell below the necessary constitutional majority of 26, and the bill fell. This angered Mr. Grady, and he announced he would oppose every bill on the calendar in retaliation for certain senators "jumping on" his bill.

When the senate reconvened at 3 o'clock Mr. Grady had not relented, and after two bills had been defeated through the lack of the necessary 34 votes the senate took a further recess until 8 o'clock The bills that fell appropriated $15,000 to the Chester hospital. Both bills were reconsidered and again placed on the calendar. The bills for the Butler, Norristown and Pottsville hospitals went over on motion of the senators from these counties through fear that they might be defeated.

HARRISBURG, June 21.—In the house yesterday Mr. Bliss, of Delaware, called up the report of the committee of conference on the judicial apportionment bill.

Mr. Davis, of Cambria, opposed the bill because it provided for an additional law judge for Cambria county.

Mr. Hall, of Allegheny, said the bill increases the number of judicial districts from fifty-three to fifty-six and increases the number of judges in several of these districts. "There are no less than three direct violations of the constitution in the bill," added Mr. Mr. Hall, "because it creates separate districts out of three counties which do not have the requisite 40,000 population. Besides it saddles upon the people of Cambria county an additional judge, for which they have no more use than is a fifth wheel of a wagon. This is the most judge-ridden commonwealth in the United States. In 1889 Pennsylvania had more judges than the United Kingdoms of England, Scotland and Ireland, with a combined population of 38,000,000, and we have since added the superior court and a number of additional law judges. This bill is nothing more than a scheme to reward a lot of political favorites. The money for the payment of these judges comes from the people."

The report was rejected by a vote of 87 to 71.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Afflicted Sisters.

Mrs. Anna Stamm, of Pleasant Gap, and Mrs. Geo. Keichline, of Rock Springs, sisters, are each sorely afflicted The former lady is entirely helpless and speechless on account of a paralytic stroke received some time ago. The latter is suffering from a cancerous growth in the abdomen. Mrs. Walker, of Boalsburg, a third sister, who has been nursing Mrs. Stamm for the past sixteen weeks, last week visited Mrs. Keichline.

—Lightning, Thursday night, killed four cows on Henry Fisher's farm near Selinsgrove.

A WOMAN'S THROAT

Is her fortune if she chances to be a Patti or Albani, and that fortune is guarded day and night with the greatest care. Nothing frightens a singer so much as a cough.

Every woman ought to be afraid of a cough. It is nature's danger signal. Who does not know of some sweet woman-voice silenced forever by disease which began with a slight cough.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will ensure a permanent cure of the most obstinate and lingering coughs. Even when the lungs are involved and there are hemorrhages and emaciation, "Golden Medical Discovery" is generally effective in restoring the diseased organs to sound health and strength. There is no alcohol in the "Discovery" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

"I am feeling quite well," writes Miss Dorcas A. Lewis, of No. 1129 24th Street, Washington, D. C., "and I owe it all to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I had been quite a sufferer for a long time, and after reading Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser thought I would try his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I had not been sleeping well for a long time. Took one teaspoonful of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and slept nearly all night without coughing, so I continued taking it. I had been a great sufferer for more than ten years. I tried lots of different medicines and different doctors, but did not feel much better. I coughed until I commenced spitting blood, but now I feel much stronger and am entirely well."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Approved by the Governor.

HARRISBURG, PA., June 20.—Governor Stone Wednesday approved the following bills:

Authorizing town councils to pay a portion of the cost and expense of grading and curbing sidewalks.

Amending the act of April 28, 1899, for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property, so as to confer jurisdiction upon the orphans' court, enlarge the powers of the guardian and authorize the sale of the real estate of the ward.

Prohibiting the manufacture and sale of fire crackers containing dynamite.

Authorizing the transfer upon the books of the corporation of lots in cemeteries owned by the corporations of the first class.

Regulating and defining the boundary lines of public roads.

Authorizing courts to grant licenses to sell intoxicating liquors at retail, wholesale or by brewers for a longer or shorter period than one year in certain cases, but only for the purpose of changing the date from which annual licenses shall thereafter run and take effect.

The senate concurrent resolution providing for the payment of the expenses in connection with the distribution of the report of the Chattanooga and Chickamauga battlefield commission.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Death of Calvin Rankin.

Calvin Rankin, a former Centre county man and a brother of the late James Rankin of this place, died June 12th at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. R. Osburn, of Galland, Iowa. About four weeks previous to his death he fell and broke or fractured one of his limbs. He appeared to be recovering nicely when softening of the brain took place and suddenly carried him off.

The deceased was for many years a resident of Centre county. He was married to Miss Sarah Jane Glenn, a sister of our fellow-townsman C. A. Glenn. She died in 1893. For a number of years he resided in Moshannon and in 1854 he went west where he has since resided, having never returned to old Centre.

He was a conscientious Christian man and a sincere member of the Presbyterian church.

The following children survive: William and George, of Utah; Camilla, Lincoln, Edith, of Omaha; Mrs. A. R. Osburn, of Galland, Iowa.

Saves Two From Death.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, of Armonk, N. Y., "but when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and to-day she is perfectly well." Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and $1.00 bottles guaranteed by F. Potts Green. Trial bottles free.

WHEN TROUBLE COMES ROUND.

When Trouble comes round to give you a call
Pray how do you entertain him?
Do you turn him away in the morning gray
Or smile and try to detain him?
Do you let him convince you your case is severe,
You're an offspring of Sin and the Devil.
Or argue a bit your wisdom and wit,
And meet him upon his own level?

For trouble is sure to knock at your door
Today or tonight or tomorrow;
He likes to call round where a heart may be found
To saturate full of his sorrow.
Of course there is Trouble you cannot laugh down,
But more than three-quarters is folly.
And I would advise you to hold yourself wise
And give him a generous jolly.

JOE COLE.

BY HYMEN'S SILKEN CORDS.

Pretty Home Wedding Unites William S. Chambers and Miss Eva Bell.

The home of Reverend and Mrs. William W. Bell of South Thomas street, was the scene Thursday morning of a very pretty social event it being the marriage of their daughter, Eva Bell to Mr. William S. Chambers. The house was very prettily decorated for the occasion with flowers, potted plants, etc., and the immediate families of the contracting parties were present as guests.

Promptly at 11:30 o'clock the wedding procession entered the parlor to the music of Lohengrin's wedding march as played by Miss Lide Bell, a sister of the bride. First came Mr. Charles Larimer, of Bellefonte and Miss Bertha Chambers, of Punxsutawney, then Mr. Lee Larimer and Miss Katherine McCullough, both of Jersey Shore, and lastly the bride and groom. When they reached the center of the room Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, pastor of the Methodist church, stepped forward and performed the ceremony uniting them for life. The bride and her attendants were very prettily gowned and carried bouquets of flowers. After congratulations had been extended a reception and breakfast was given which proved an enjoyable affair.

Many handsome and useful presents were received, attesting to the high appreciation in which the young people are held by their wide circle of friends.

The bride is an excellent young lady, well fitted to assume the position she has chosen and to make her future home a happy one. The groom is a very popular young man and holds the responsible position of Assistant Postmaster of Bellefonte. Mr. and Mrs. Chambers left on the afternoon train for a honeymoon trip and will visit the Pan-American Exposition. On their return they will take up their residence in cosy quarters already furnished and awaiting them in Crider's Exchange.

To Welcome the Gallant 47th Regiment.

In order to make as large and imposing a parade as possible, on the return of the Volunteers from the war in the far east, as arranged by the committee which met last week, I, as chairman of the committee on parade, made a respectful request of all young and old men in Bellefonte and vicinity, who can possibly do so, to turn out on that occasion on horseback with Col. W. F. Reynolds in command, there should be quite a number of men who can, and probably will procure mounts for the parade and a very creditable and pleasing display can be made.

I have written the following named persons asking them to assist (in their respective neighborhoods) in getting up such a command, William and James Thompson, Lemont; sheriff Rob't Cooke, and Norris Bogle, of Howard; James Gregg and Oscar Miles, Milesburg; J. Harris Hoy, Benner twp.; Capt. S. H. Bennison, Marion twp, the latter will also see to it that the old soldiers in his neighborhood will be in attendance, Laird Curtin, Boggs twp., A. V. Miller, Pleasant Gap, he will also look after the old soldiers of that place and get out as large a number of them as can be had, Fred Blanchard, Geo. Valentine, Maj. W. J. Singer and Serg't R. F. Hunter, Bellefonte, others will be written to or seen later.

The time has been too short since writing, to get responses from all of them, but no doubt they will as soon as possible begin to work up the plan, so as to make a complete success of the whole affair.

The date cannot at this time be given, but due and timely notice will be given, so as to allow all who wish to participate to get ready.

June 18, 1901, AUSTIN CURTIN,
Chairman Com. on Parade.

Murder at Karthaus.

Karthaus, June 20.—A man was killed here Monday night. Two colored men, who were employed on the railroad, were playing cards in their shanty. A dispute arose, when one of the men shot the other three times, the balls entering the upper part of the body. The name of the man who was shot is Beverly. He died shortly after.

The murderer, whose name could not be learned, fled to the mountains. Men instituted a search for him, and it was expected that he would be captured Tuesday afternoon.

The district attorney of Clearfield county instructed the justice of the peace at Karthaus to hold an inquest.

Beverly was a middle-aged man, and his murderer is believed to be about 25 years old.

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor and general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best of all medicines for all humors.

What One Mule Did.

For an animal that is a lover of peace and concord the American mule certainly has unpleasant experiences. Doomed by strength and patience to act as an important factor in the belligerent movements of great armies, the mule occasionally finds the issue of battle dependent upon the speed with which mule-drawn artillery can be brought into line, or similarly propelled supply trains can be hurried to the front. And now a mine mule appears to be the cause of cessation of labor on the part of 600 skilled workers.

Mr. Murphy was the attendant in charge of the mule, and the other evening when the former permitted the latter to wander alone from the mouth of the mine to the water trough, the freakish creature, instead of heading toward food and drink and a comfortable bed, turned back and trotted into the mine. Thereupon the superintendent ordered Mr. Murphy to bring the stubborn brute out. Mr. Murphy refused. The superintendent discharged him, and almost immediately the 600 miners declared that no more work should be done until Mr. Murphy was taken back. The superintendent was obdurate, and so the mine was closed.

As to the whereabouts of the instigator of the trouble the dispatches are not clear. If the parties most interested have not quite forgotten the cause of the misadventure, they presumably will have little trouble in finding it stubbornly ensconsed in the recesses of its underground retreat.

Seven Years In Bed.

"Will wonders every cease?" inquire the friends of Mrs. L. Pease, of Lawrence, Kan. They knew she had been unable to leave her bed in seven years on account of kidney and liver trouble, nervous prostration and general debility; but, "Three bottles of Electric Bitters enabled me to walk," she writes, "and in three months I felt like a new person." Women suffering from Headache, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells will find it a priceless blessing. Try it. Satisfaction is guaranteed. Only 50c. At F. Potts Greens Drug store.

Griest—Simler.

The home of Ex-Burgess and Mrs. Geo. B. Simler, Jr., at Philipsburg, was the scene of a pretty June wedding at 8 o'clock Wednesday morning. The happy occasion was the marriage of their daughter, Miss Amanda, to Charles T. Griest, second son of ex-Commissioner A. J. Griest, of Unionville. The home was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and a large number of invited friends were present. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. P. Miller, new pastor of the Presbyterian church. Miss Della Pearce was maid of honor, and Harry R. Griest, brother of the groom, acted as best man. Following the congratulations and elaborate wedding feast was enjoyed, after which the happy couple departed on the 9:40 train on a trip to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. On their return they will take up their residence at Hastings, where the groom holds a good position as manager of the large company store of the Webster Coal and Coke Co. He is a most excellent young man, and is to be congratulated in securing one of Philipsburg's most highly esteemed young ladies. —Philipsburg's Journal.

A Terrible Explosion.

"Of a gasoline stove burned a lady here frightfully," writes N. E. Palmer, of Kirkman, Ia. "The best doctors couldn't heal the running sore that followed, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve entirely cured her." Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Sores, Boils, Bruises, Skin Diseases and Piles. 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

Fire Warden Act Unconstitutional.

Judge Niles, of Tioga county, has declared that the fire warden act is unconstitutional. There were presented to the Tioga county commissioners many bills for services of constables as fire wardens and persons employed by them in extinguishing forest fires last summer. These claims aggregated $1,842.90. On advice of their attorneys, the commissioners refused to pay any of the bills. The claims of Constable Hart was taken into court as a test case, and at the January term it was adjourned from time to time until Tuesday, when it was heard and decided, as above stated.

Other judges have also decided that the act is unconstitutional.

Kerr Won in Clearfield.

The Democratic county convention at Clearfield last week resolved itself into a struggle between the Kerr and Savage factions, in which Kerr's friends captured the organization. His candidate for county chairman, J. B. McGrath, was elected by a vote of 89 to 31. Frank Shannon and Bine Koozer were nominated for prothonotary and register and recorder, respectively. Shannon represents the Kerr and Koozer the Savage forces. The following were chosen delegates to the State convention: John Metzgar, D. S. Herron, L. C, Haney, A. J. Shegam, F. M. Cardon and Frank Shugarts. The resolutions condemn the Democratic organization of the city of Philadelphia as being a Quay adjunct.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Will Erect a Monument to Blaine.

Andrew Carnegie will erect a monument to James G. Blaine. A personal friendship of many years and a warm admiration for the great champion of American industries inspire the philanthropist in his latest undertaking. The site for the monument, it is believed, will be chosen in Schenley park, near the Carnegie institute. It is learned from an authoritative source that Mr. Carnegie has had the erection of the memorial in mind for some time, but has made no definite plans as yet.

Has Penny Bought It?

It is rumored that the Pennsylvania Railroad company is to take over the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad. This road runs from Bellwood to Horatio, sixty-two miles, and has fifteen miles in branches, making a total of seventy-seven miles. The Pennsylvania and Northwestern company is known as a Berwin railroad, the president being Edwin J. Berwin.

Over 7,500 Members.

The twenty-first annual State encampment of the Sons of Veterans opened at Lebanon Tuesday. The reports show that there were in the State 7,309 members in good standing at the close of the year, March 31, 1901. Since then 200 new members were recruited, making a total membership of 7,509, the floating membership of the encampment being 12,000.

Mr. H. E. Murty, of Shamokin, has been sent here by the United Telephone & Telegraph Company to take charge of the Commercial Company's operations at this point. This is known as the 6th district and Mr. Murty, is the General Superintendent. It is the intention of the new company to make trunk lines to State College, Tyrone and Lock Haven. A new and larger switch board will be put in the exchange at this place which will necessitate the hiring of an additional operator.

—The small boy has already started in to celebrate the Fourth of July.

A Pro-Boer Rally.

LONDON, June 21.—Thousands of people began collecting outside of Queen's hall two hours before the advertised time of the pro-Boer meeting held there Wednesday night. When the doors were finally opened the pressure of the surging mob was so great that many people fainted. There was considerable disturbance and windows were broken during attempts made by persons without tickets to gain admission. Some of these were expelled. In spite of the vigilance of the promoters of the meeting many jingoes gained an entrance to the hall, which was crammed. Much hooting, mingled with cheers greeted the delegates upon their arrival and during the evening the delivery of speeches was attended with some difficulty from the same cause.

During the meeting fully 10,000 jingoes gathered outside the Queen's hall, in Regent street, blocked traffic and necessitated policemen to keep a semblance of order in the crowd. Several men mounted the parapet of the Langham hotel and, waving Union Jacks, proposed resolutions against the pro-Boer agitation which they declare to have been carried when the meeting in Queen's hall terminated.

Several collisions occurred between the crowd outside the hall and the police, and the latter had the greatest difficulty in handling the assemblage. No casualities were reported.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Fine Racing on the Fourth.

Bellefonte will not be without amusement on July 4th. In fact the entertainment that is now being arranged will be the very best, for the Centre County Agricultural Exhibiting Co., will have it in charge.

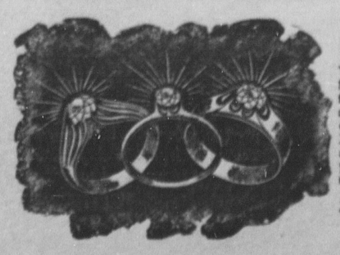
The program includes three races for trotters and pacers and as $500 in purses have been hung out some very good horses will be here to start. The classes are 2:40, 2:24 and 2:18.

Already such horses as "Slasher Boy" 2:21¼, "Topsy C," "Strathblue" 2:17¼, "Baby Chimes" 2:12½, "A Green One" 2:14, "McChesney" 2:20, "Billy Howe," "Bill Post" 2;25, "Bobolink" and others are on the track working out for the event. These horses are owned by Pittston, Altoona, Lock Haven and Bellefonte horsemen and are sufficient to provide great racing, even if no others are coming.

Mr. Fauble has decided not to enter his horse "Grape-shot," but Will Larimer will probably start a few new finds he has made lately, one of which he expects to send to the big circuit in the fall.

A special train will run from Hecla park to the grounds, in time for the races, returning immediately afterwards.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.



FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts or delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.

Write to-day and get extra present FREE.
FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Teething

Then the baby is most likely nervous, and fretful, and doesn't gain in weight.

Scott's Emulsion

is the best food and medicine for teething babies. They gain from the start.

Send for a free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pal or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—The Presbyterian congregation at Milesburg has just laid a handsome new carpet in their church.

—Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

—Bierly's automobile came up from Milesburg Monday evening and attracted considerable attention on our streets.

—Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

—J. Thomas Loder, formerly of Jacksonville, son of Squire R. B. Loder, died at Cross Forks Friday of typhoid fever, aged about twenty years.

—The letter carriers at the Bellefonte post office donned their summer shirt waists Monday. They are made of blue flannel and present a very nobby appearance.

—Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort—instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

—Prof. C. L. Gramley, county superintendent of schools, held teachers examination in the brick school building on Bishop street Wednesday. About 20 applicants were examined.

—No such a thing as "summer complaint" where Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is kept handy. Nature's remedy for every looseness of the bowels.

—The Howard Creamery company this week shipped a car of 14,000 pounds of butter to Philadelphia. The shipment was the product of the firm's various creameries in Centre county.

—The State Luther League of Penna. is in session at Shamokin this week. We notice from the program that Clement Dale Esq., of this place made an address there Wednesday evening.

—A young son of Jacob Meyer, near Boalsburg, Wednesday climbed on a shed roof at the barn and fell a distance of 8 feet dislocating his shoulder blade. Dr. Kidder rendered the necessary professional services.

—Prof. John C. Meyer departed Wednesday for Philadelphia to attend the meeting of the State Teachers Association in session at that place this week. He is a member of the committee of the High school department.

—The police authorities strictly forbid the setting off of fire crackers or fireworks of any kind except on the 4th of July and anyone caught doing so will be arrested and fined. Parents are requested to so instruct their children.

—The Sportmen's League, of Potters Mills, will hold a festival and blue rock shot Saturday evening, June 29, in the Pine woods, near Potters Mills. All are invited to attend. There will be some new features at this gathering.

—The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold a sociable at the residence of Mrs, L. A. Schaeffer on Curtin street this evening. Light refreshments consisting of strawberries, ice cream and cake will be served.

—At a joint meeting of the Commissioners of Clearfield and Centre counties, held in Bellefonte a few days ago, it was agreed to build a 90 foot high truss bridge, with 16 foot roadway, across the Moshannon creek at Munson. The contract was awarded the York Bridge Co. at a cost of $1874.

—Mr. and Mrs. John M. Decker are rejoicing over the arrival early Monday morning of a bright bouncing baby boy which came to add pleasure and happiness to their future life. The Deckers reside at Washington, D. C., but Mrs. Decker has been spending the past few weeks at the home of her father, John Anderson of East Bishop street.

—We suggest, as a precaution, that the masculine part of the race prepare for the advent of the summer girl. She'll soon be here in all her loveliness and that aggravating appearance of coolness that makes her enviable. We fear, notwithstanding these precautions, she will have her full quota of victims dangling from her belt, ere the fall breezes drive her from the field.

—Manager Garman is negotiating with the George F. Knowles Opera Company to give one week of summer opera here commencing either July 15 or 22. This is one of the best opera companies on the road and it is to be hoped Manager Garman will be successful. If he does so he will have ice cream and cake for sale to serve to the audience at each performance.

—The legislature has passed the bill appropriating $10.000, to erect a monument to Governor Curtin at this place and it is now in the hands of Governor Stone for his signature. As there is no question but what the Governor will approve it, the Curtin Monument Fund is the richer by $10,000 through the efforts of Senator Heinle, who introduced the bill.

AN AGED LADY'S DEATH.

Mrs. Susan Hoffer Expired Saturday Evening at the Home of Her Son-in law A. C. Mingle.

Saturday evening at quarter of eight the angel of death entered the Mingle home on East High street and took hence the spirit of Mrs. Susan Hoffer, mother of Mrs. A. C. Mingle. Death was due to cancer of the breast from which deceased had been a suffer for a long time.

Mrs. Hoffer whose maiden name was Susan Durst was the daughter of John Durst, deceased, and was born in Potter township, near Earleystown, Centre county 77 years ago the 12th of last April. Early in life she married George Hoffer, a well known farmer of Penns Valley who preceded her to the grave in the year 1891. Thirteen children were born to this union, eight of whom are living as follows: John, of Washington state; Christ, of near Bellefonte; Mrs. A. C. Mingle and Fannie of Bellefonte; Philip, of Buford, Ga.; I. O., and Emma, of Philadelphia and William, of Sylvan Grove, Kan.

Mrs. Hoffer also leaves three brothers and one sister, namely, Ananias and Kate, of Greenville, Pa., John and Dr. Daniel Durst, of Wheatland, Cal.

The deceased was an earnest, sincere christian lady and a member of the Bellefonte Reformed church. The funeral services were held at the Mingle residence Monday at 10 o'clock a. m. and were largely attended. They were conducted by Rev. Kershner of Centre Hall.

The remains were taken on the 1:05 train to Huntingdon where they were interred beside the body of her husband in the cemetery at that place.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. C. T. Gerberich, Jared Harper, C. M. Bower and A. Lukenbach.

Corinthians Defeat the High School at Base Ball.

An interesting game of base ball was played on Friday afternoon on the Fair grounds between the High School team and the Corinthians, formerly the Black Diamonds. The game was very exciting from start to finish and both teams had their friends on the field to cheer and encourage them when a good play was made. The game was called at a quarter of three. The score was as follows:

CORINTHIANS.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Dellge, 1b	3	2	7	0	1
Harris, c	1	1	4	0	1
Carter, cf	0	1	3	0	1
Green, Wm., p	1	2	4	4	0
Thomas, A., 2b	1	1	2	0	1
Mills, W., 3b	2	0	4	2	1
Jackson, 2b	0	2	0	0	0
Thomas, H., ss	3	1	2	2	0
Green, R., rf	2	0	1	0	0
	13	10	27	8	5

HIGH SCHOOL.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Otto, c	2	1	0	3	1
Taylor, J., cf	2	2	8	1	1
Taylor, H., lf	1	2	1	1	1
Longacre, 3b	1	2	1	0	0
Ishler, O., 2b	1	3	2	3	0
Brown, 1b	0	2	6	0	1
Brouse, ss	1	2	2	0	0
Ishler, W., rf	1	2	1	0	0
Twitmyer, p	1	3	3	3	1
	10	19	24	11	5

High School—1	0	0	0	3	1	2	3	0	—10
Corinthians—1	0	2	0	2	3	4	1		—13

A Quiet Home Wedding.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized Tuesday morning at the home of Mrs. Margaret Hofler on South Pine street, when her neice Miss Clara B. Shrom, became the bride of David L. Auchmuty, of South Williamsport. The ceremony was performed at half past eleven by Rev. W. P. Shriner, pastor of the Methodist church in the presence of a few immediate friends and relatives. After congratulations and a wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Auchmuty took the 1:20 train for their honeymoon trip which will be spent at the Pan-American Exposition.

The groom is a machinist and is an industrious young man quite well known here where he was employed for some time. The bride is a very excellent young lady and very popular among a large circle of friends. They will reside at McKeesport, Pa.

Horse Killed in Runaway Accident.

Frank Lockard, the Coleville dray man lost a valuable horse Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock in a runaway accident. He had just hitched the horse to a light buggy at his stable in Coleville and was about to drive to town when the horse became frightened and ran away in the direction of Bellefonte. When the horse reached the Bellefonte Furnace railroad crossing an approaching train from the furnace caused it to run onto the trestle. The buggy finally went over the side of the trestle dragging the animal with it. The horse fell a distance of about 25 feet breaking its neck and causing almost instant death. Mr. Lockard was not in the buggy when the horse ran away having stopped to close the barn yard gate.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

John Polashak and Mary Kundrab both of Clarence.

William S. Chambers and Eva P. Bell, both of Bellefonte.

George M. Rudy, of Pennsylvania Furnace, and Catherine Davis, of Juniata Mines, Pa.

Eli Cowher, of Sandy Ridge, and Mary C. Turner, of Port Matilda.

David L. Auchmuty, of South Williamsport, and Clara B. Shrom, of Bellefonte.

David R. Foreman, of Centre Hill, and Alta M, Smith of Philipsburg.

A RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

Mrs. Emanuel Garbrick, of Zion, Sustains Serious Injuries.

Mrs. Emanuel Garbrick, who lives with her husband on a farm at Zion, was painfully injured in a runaway accident at 9 o'clock Friday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Garbrick drove to town in their two-horse spring wagon to do some shopping. They were driving our Allegheny street and when in front of the Humes residence the bit broke and the horses became frightened and started out that thoroughfare at a lively pace. Mr. Garbrick seeing that he could not control them and fearing for his wife's safety told her to try to jump out at the rear end of the wagon. Instead of doing this she jumped out at the side of the wagon when just opposite the Public school building and her clothing caught on the wheel. She was dragged for some distance and finally dropped to the ground. Mr. Garbrick stuck to the horses and succeeded in stopping the runaways.

Mrs. Garbrick was assisted to the office of Dr. J. L. Seibert nearby where an examination was made. There was a deep gash in the side of the head and she was badly bruised about the body, but it is believed that she was not injured internally and that she will recover all right

John Robinson's Big Show Draws a Large Crowd to Town and Gives a Good Performance.

The circus was here Tuesday in all its glory and the splendid weather helped to draw the immense crowd that thronged our streets. The general verdict of the people who saw the parade and features of the show is that Robinson's circus is all right. The show arrived in Bellefonte early Tuesday morning from Lock Haven where they played Monday to big business. It took forty-three cars to transport the show and John Robinson's private car is a veritable palace on wheels.

In the parade were seen several new departures from the old time circus custom. The many equestriennes were attired in their every day costumes and occupied the ordinary buggies. The cages were peculiar in makeup, no two being alike. They were painted in different colors and were constructed on the Queen Anne cottage style. Hitched to the caliope were ponies galore. In one of the band wagons were fourteen horses. A comical clown band was an attractive feature. At the head of the procession was Mr. Robinson, the proprietor, driving two horses tandem, that were as white as snow. The parade all through was one of the finest ever seen here,

The Home Coming of the 47th.

It is expected that the transport Thomas will reach San Francisco this week with the 47th U. S. Volunteers on board. Just when the Bellefonte boys will reach home is not known yet but the committee having it in charge are preparing a royal welcome for them when they do reach here.

One of the largest parades that ever marched through the streets of our town will meet the soldier boys at the train and escort them to the opera house where appropriate exercises will be held.

At the last meeting held Wednesday night a committee of escort was appointed whose duty it shall be to go to Tyrone and meet the returning soldier boys and escort them in triumph to Bellefonte. All the members of the committee have signified their intention of accepting the duty imposed upon them.

The committee is as follows: G. W. Rees, chairman; Capt. H. S. Taylor, Col. Wilbur F. Reeder, Col. W. Fred Reynolds, Dr. George F. Harris, Charles Smith, John P. Harris, Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., W. E Gray, Esq., and J. C. Meyer, Esq.

Former Mackeyville Man Married.

Ray E. Krape, who for 2 years has been at Ridgway, and Miss Eunice L. Benedict, of that place, recently visited that gentleman's father, Perry C. Krape, at Mackeyville. It has just been learned that on their return home, the young couple stopped at Clearfield, Monday, June 3, and were married by Rev. John M. Waddell. They then proceeded to Ridgway. A paper of that place says that the bride is one of Ridgway's most worthy and industrious young ladies, and the groom is a young man of most excellent character and habits. Mr. Krape is an employe of the big firm of Hyde, Murphy & Co., and has lived in Ridgway for the past 2 years. His former home was in Clinton county, near Lock Haven. He is a graduate of the Williamson Mechanical school of Philadelphia, and is a draughtsman of fine ability.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for June 24th, 1901:

F. R. Bernie, Birdy Gilison, F. K. Holter, Jno. Kreps, Lizzie Makin.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

A Speedy Mare.

Landlord Welliver, of the Irvin house, received word from his driver at the Bellefonte track, that Miriam, the mare he purchased from George Q. Miller, the ice man, "marked out" a mile in 2.15½ Thursday. It is freely predicted that she will be able to go in 2.11 before the season closes.—Lock Haven Democrat.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Mrs. Edward Irvin visited Tyrone friends last week.

Dr. H. K. Hoy, of Altoona, was a Bellefonte visitor Friday.

Judge John G. Love held court at Hollidaysburg Monday.

Ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings was an Altoona visitor Monday.

John P. Harris Jr., transacted business in Tyrone Wednesday.

Miss Mollie Beezer, of Philadelphia, is visiting friends in this place.

L. T. Eddy, of Milesburg, transacted business in Pittsburg last week.

Louis Lounsberry has returned home from a visit to his old home at Elmira, N. Y.

Miss Bertha Chambers, of DuBois, is visiting Mrs. Wm. Larimer on Valentine street.

Charles P. Hewes, a prominent attorney of Erie, Pa., is transacting business in Bellefonte.

Ex-County Commissioner Thomas W. Fisher of Unionville was a Bellefonte visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. M. A. Kirk and her little daughter Lois have gone to Clearfield county for a month's stay.

Miss Carrie Benezet, of Cape May, is the guest of her friend Miss Lydia Moore of Allegheny street.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Holmes, Jr., of State College were among the Bellefonte visitors Tuesday.

Joseph H. Hall, a representative of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* spent Friday and Saturday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Thomas K. Morris, of Tyrone is visiting her parents, Hon. and Mrs. P. Gray Meek, of this place.

Miss Mary Hunter Linn returned home last week from an extended visit to Harrisburg and Bryn Mawr.

Miss Carrie Weaver departed Monday afternoon for Harrisburg to visit her brother H. C. Weaver.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hoy, of Bradford, Pa., are visiting at the home of James H. Rine on West High street.

Mrs. Louisa Bush returned home Monday afternoon from a two months' stay with friends at Port Deposit, Md.

Ex Register G. W. Rumbarger, of Unionville, brought his family to town Tuesday to take in the circus.

W. W. Swengle, of this place, is attending the graduating exercises of the Lock Haven Normal school at that place this week.

Thos. McClellan who has been working at Niagara Falls, was compelled to return to his home in this place owing to illness.

Mrs. Mollie Valentine, of West High street, spent last week as a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. K. Morris at Tyrone.

Mrs. M. L. Hendricks and Mrs. E. M. Shindle, both of Sunbury, are visiting their sister Mrs. W. H. Crissman of North Thomas street.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Larimer left Tuesday for Jersey Shore to be present at the wedding of their son, Lee, which took place Wednesday.

Jury Commissioner Frederick Robb, of Romola, has returned to his home after a pleasant visit to his daughter, Miss Emma Robb, at Philipsburg.

Mrs. Joseph Ceader and Mrs. Martin Cooney returned Monday evening from a visit to their sister, Mrs. Robert Gilmore in Philadelphia.

Mrs. John Porter Lyon and little daughter of Pennsylvania Furnace, are visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Mitchell, of this place.

Mrs. W. L. Metcalf, of Marlborough, N. H., arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday to visit her mother, Mrs. Catharine B. Haupt, of North Thomas street.

Morris Runkle returned home Saturday from New Berlin, Pa., where he attended the Commencement exercises of his alma mater, Central Pennsylvania College.

Misses Lillian Garman and Bessie Hopple, both of Sunbury, spent last week in Bellefonte as the guests of Miss Libbie Johnson of East Bishop street. They departed for their homes Monday morning.

Edward Hill, who has just completed a 3 years' service as a gunner on the U. S. gun-boat "Monongahela" arrived home Saturday and is staying with his mother Mrs. Margaret Hill of Beaver street.

Mrs. Maria D. Rhoads left last week for Buffalo to visit the Pan-American Exposition. After a two weeks stay in Buffalo she will go to Chautauqua for her annual summer visit there. She will be gone until Sept. 1.

Mrs. Charles Gilmore, Miss Mary Ann McGill and Miss Sarah P. Bayard left Monday afternoon to spend the week at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. Miss Bayard will spend 2 weeks at Chautauqua Lake, N. Y., before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Dagget and son Boynton departed Sunday morning for Philadelphia. The trip is primarily for the benefit of Mr. Dagget's health but they are taking Boynton along to have him treated for an affection of the eyes. Later they will go to the seashore where they will remain for several months. In their absence Mr. Harry Fenlon will have full charge of the hotel assisted by W. Fred Jackson.

Sheriff Cyrus Brungart transacted business in Huntingdon Friday.

Hon. James Milliken, of Milroy, is stopping at the Bush House.

John Waite, of Beech Creek, transacted business in Bellefonte Friday.

Miss DeVelasco, of New York City, is registered at the Bush House.

Mrs. Andrew Brockerhoff, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. Claude Jones at Tyrone.

Nelson Caldwell, of this place, has returned home from a visit to Mt. Carmel, Pa.

Miss Lorene Mattern, of Milesburg, is visiting the family of Mr. Wm. A. Bouse at Tyrone.

Miss Adaline Harris returned home Friday evening from a visit to friends in Harrisburg.

George Lippincott, of Philadelphia, was a guest over Sunday of Bellefonte friends.

Prof. H. B. Snyder, of State College, has been elected to the faculty of Albright College at Myerstown.

Supt. S. A. Donachy, of the Pennsylvania Match company, went to Pittsburg on business Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Clement Dale arrived home from Philadelphia Tuesday evening after several weeks visit among friends in that city.

Editor P. Gray Meek, of the "Democratic Watchman," returned home Friday evening from a brief visit to Philadelphia.

Clement Dale Esq., departed Wednesday afternoon for Shamokin to attend the State Luther League convention at that place.

Mrs. Charles P. Hewes and son Cresswell, of Erie, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chambers on East Linn street.

Ex-Governor Daniel H. Hastings has been elected a member of the board of directors of Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport.

Mr. William Baird, assistant postmaster at Windber, Somerset county, is on a brief visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Baird, at Milesburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Reish, left Saturday afternoon for their home in Mifflinburg, after a visit of a few days at the home of Dr. R. G. H. Hayes.

Mrs. Ambrose Sloteman and little daughter, Ethel, left Wednesday for Linden Hall where they will visit Mrs. Sloteman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Cole.

Edward M. Speer, wife and 4 children, of Normal, Ill., arrived in Bellefonte Wednesday afternoon on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Speer, of High street.

Edward Bolick, of Julian, has relieved operator E. C. Henderson at the P. R. R. station at Mill Hall. Mr. Henderson is making a brief stay with friends in this place.

Clarence Harper left Wednesday for Summerville, N. J., where with nine other students from the Pennsylvania State College he will be engaged in putting up signal towers.

H. T. Huffman, press agent for the Robinson show, was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday. He is a courteous and obliging gentleman and one whom it is a pleasure to meet.

Miss Lizzie Faxon, daughter of Thomas Faxon of East High street, returned home Monday from Philadelphia where she has just completed a course at a school of Elocution.

Mrs. A. T. Parker, of Jersey Shore, who has been visiting her son A. T. Parker at Roland is now in Bellefonte where she is dividing her time between the homes of her daughter, Mrs. H. M. Bidwell and her grand-daughter Mrs. Galer Morrison.

Robert H. Fray, of Altoona, entertained a party of friends at the Nittany Rod and Gun Club Sunday. Included in the party were Miss Pettit, of Altoona; Miss Corcoran, of Williamsport, Miss Patty Lane, and Robert Morris of Bellefonte.

Charles Larimer left Sunday for Jersey Shore to attend the wedding of his brother Lee Larimer to Miss Katharine Bortle McCullough, which took place Wednesday at that place. In his absence Joe Twitmire takes his place with the Adams Express Co.

J. C. Derr arrived home Wednesday from Philadelphia with his son, James W., who is a student in the Pennsylvania Institute for the Instruction of the Blind at Overbrooke, Pa. Mr. Derr and his son both speak in the highest terms of the school and its instructors.

A. C. Heverly, who for several years past was connected with the Powers Shoe store, has resigned his position there since the change in management and will now be found with A. C. Mingle, the well known shoe man, at his large store in the Brockerhoff House block, "Gus" as he is familiarly called by his friends, is one of the best shoe salesmen in the business, pleasant and accommodating, he makes friends wherever he goes. His many friends will be glad to know that he has stepped into so good a position.

Wedded Monday Evening.

Lawrence E. Lytle and Mary A. Walk, both of Philipsburg, were married at the Baptist parsonage Monday evening at 6 o'clock by Rev. A. Z. Myers. After a short wedding trip the young people will make their home in Philipsburg.

CHILDREN'S DAY SERVICES.

Rendered in Three of the Churches in Town on Sunday.

Sunday was a day full of interest to old as well as young at the Presbyterian church, it being the occasion of the annual observance of Children's Day. The church was crowded to the doors and an excellent program was rendered under the direction of the Sunday school superintendent, Prof. James R. Hughes. The program consisted of songs, recitations and two addresses, one by the pastor, Dr. Laurie, and another by Gen. Beaver. The singing was by a chorus of 40 voices assisted by an orchestra led by Christy Smith. The recitations and singing by the little children was especially interesting. They were instructed by Miss Helen E. Overton, assisted by Misses Daisy Potter, Margaret Thomas and Sarah Potter.

The decorations consisting of ferns, palms, roses, etc., were quite artistically arranged and presented a very beautiful and attractive appearance.

CHILDREN'S DAY AT THE LUTHERAN.

Children's Day services were observed in the Lutheran church both morning and evening. In the morning Dr. H. C. Holloway, the pastor, preached a sermon especially for the children which proved very interesting. He also baptized several children of the congregation. In the evening the regular Children's Day services were held under the leadership of W. P. Kuhn, superintendent of the Sunday school. The church was very beautifully decorated and a most excellent program consisting of songs, recitations, etc., was rendered. The collection was for the benefit of the Loysville Orphan school and was quite large.

AT THE EVANGELICAL.

Interesting Children's Day services were held in the Evangelical church on Willowbank street Sunday evening and the church was crowded to the doors to listen to them. The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion and the program consisting of songs, recitations and responsive readings was well rendered and proved very pleasing to both the old and young present.

IN MEMORY OF THEIR DEAD.

Impressive Services Held By Gregg Post Sunday Afternoon.

Sunday afternoon at 3:30 impressive services were held in the rooms of Gregg Post, No. 95, G. A. R., in memory of their comrades who have departed this life during the past year or so. There was a large attendance and the exercises were quite interesting.

The departed comrades in whose memory these services were held were M. S. Riddle, John A. Aiken, H. D. Yeager, David Bartley, David M. Glenn and Jos. Iddings.

Addresses were made by Gen. Jas. A. Beaver, S. B. Miller, Frank Wallace, J. C. Miller and comrade Alexander.

During the exercises a quartette composed of C. C. Shuey, A. Lukenbach, J. P. Smith and Walter Whippo sang several excellent selections. Miss BelleWeaver presided at the organ.

A Former Bellefonte Lady Wedded.

Miss Mary Brown McClain, daughter of James A. McClain, a well known coal and coke operator of Spangler, Pa., and Harvey S. Lingle, son of the Hon. W. C. Lingle, of Patton, Pa., were united in marriage at the home of the bride Wednesday evening.

Miss McClain was formerly a resident of Bellefonte, is an accomplished vocalist, and is very popular in the younger set in Bellefonte society.

The groom is a nephew of Howard Lingle and Mrs. W. W. Montgomery of this place, and is well known here.

Died Ten Days Apart.

Rev. G. W. Dunlap, one of the oldest ministers of the Central Pennsylvania Methodist Episcopal conference, died suddenly at Williamsport Sunday. Ten days ago his wife died after a short illness, which began while she was writing her will. A peculiar coincidence is the fact that both deaths occurred at the same hour of the day and the same minute.

Ladies Use Picks and Shovels.

At Howard last week the ladies of the United Evangelical church came to the conclusion that the building committee was moving too slow in the matter of a new parsonage. One warm afternoon the ladies with picks and shovels met on the site of the proposed new building and broke ground for the parsonage.

Lloyd House Changes Owners.

Christ North, who has had charge of the Lloyd house for more than a year, has sold out to a Mr. Shell, of Altoona, who, we believe, is an experienced hotel man, and who will take charge of the same on or about the first of July.—Philipsburg Journal.

—Jersey Shore ladies are looking for a woman, who last week represented herself as being one of the women sent to the World's fair by Lady Aberdeen, and who sold them twenty five cent lace for the one dollar Irish lace.

—Rumors are in circulation that the P. R. R. will build a handsome station between Market and Pine streets, Williamsport. If built, the new station will take the place of Park hotel.